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VOL. XXXV.
SMETHPORT, PA., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1898.
NO. [illegible]

Official Directory.

STATE.

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[illegible] Governor—Walter Lyon.
[illegible] Treasurer—James S. Beacom.
[illegible]—Levi G. McCauley.
[illegible] Affairs—James Latta.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

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[illegible] Judge—Thomas A. Morrison.
[illegible] Congress—C. W. Stone, Warren.
[illegible]—Walter T. Merrick, Blossburg.
[illegible] Assembly—Herman H. North, [illegible] Bradford.
[illegible]—Sheridan Gorton, Smethport
[illegible] Davis, Smethport.
[illegible] W. Mitchell, Bradford.
[illegible]—F. B. Clark, Bradford.
[illegible]—Wm. A. Young, Smethport; [illegible] Kane; Thomas F. Hungiville, [illegible]
[illegible] Weaver, Kane
[illegible] Walter Ostrander, Wm. Brooder, [illegible] W. Freeman, J. C. Cannon, Jr., [illegible] Cory, Corryville.
[illegible]—R. P. Cory, Corryville.
[illegible] Sherman, Kendall Creek.
[illegible]—J. R. Myers, Smethport.

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[illegible] Young, president; Warley Gifford, [illegible] J. Colegrove, treasurer; Carl [illegible], Ed. Hungerford, Chas. [illegible]
[illegible] Knapp, W. Stark.
[illegible] Burlingame.
[illegible] R. R. Mayo president, Jane [illegible] secretary, Emma Gifford treasurer, [illegible] McKean, Joe N. Apple, J. A. [illegible]
[illegible] Daly.
[illegible] Francis Freeman.
[illegible] Mayo, John Eastman, Oscar [illegible]
[illegible] Election—Carl Bassel.
[illegible] of Election—C. H. Burlingame, Jas. [illegible]

Lodge Directory.

F. & A. M.—McKean Lodge, No. [illegible], meets on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 7½ o'clock p. m., at Masonic Hall, Main street.
SHERIDAN GORTON, W. M.
[illegible] Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Lodge, No. [illegible], meets [illegible] evening at 8 o'clock in I. O. O. F. Hall [illegible] Initiatory degree 1st meeting of each month, 1st degree on second, 2d degree on third, and 3d degree on fourth meetings.
D. L. HAVEN, N. G.
[illegible] CHOATE, Sec'y.

I. O. O. F.—Smethport Encampment No. [illegible], meets the First and Third Wednesdays of each month in I. O. O. F. Hall.
E. G. PELTON, Chief Patriarch.
[illegible] CHOATE, Scribe.

[illegible] REBEKAH LODGE, No. [illegible], I. O. O. F. Meets every Monday evening at I. O. O. F. Hall.
MARY L. LYMAN, N. G.
[illegible] DUNN, Secy.

G. A. R.—McKean Post No. [illegible], meets First and Third Thursday evening of each month at [illegible] in the Odd Fellows Hall.
E. R. MAYO, Com.
[illegible] BURLINGAME, Adjutant.

W. R. C.—Meets Thursday afternoon at [illegible] W. Hall, Backus Block.
MRS. KATE L. WRIGHT, Prest.
MRS. ROSE PRINCE, Sec'y.

KNIGHTS OF ST. JOHN AND MALTA—[illegible] Encampment, No. 77, meet 1st and 3d [illegible] evening in Backus Hall.
B. L. KNAPP, Em. Com.
[illegible] WATERHALL, Chancellor.

A. O. U. W.—Smethport Lodge, No. [illegible], meets second, fourth and last Tuesday evening of each month in the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.
SHERIDAN GORTON, M. W.
[illegible] GALLUP, Recorder.

K. O. T. M.—Smethport Tent, No. [illegible], meets every Monday evening at 7:30 in A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block.
WASHINGTON SPARK, Com.
[illegible] MORRISON, R. K.

L. O. T. M.—Brown Hive, No. 46, Meets in A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus Block, Tuesday afternoon.
MRS. ANNA B. GIFFORD, Com.
[illegible] MYRTLE GIFFORD, R. K.

E. B. A.—Smethport Branch [illegible], meets first and fourth Wednesdays of each month in A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus block, at 7:30 p. m.
JAMES LYNCH, Pres't.
THOMAS CLARK, Rec. Secy.

W. C. T. U.—Meets every Wednesday afternoon at 3 p. m., in the M. E. Chapel.
MRS. [illegible] A. SCULL, Prest.
MRS. M. E. RAYMOND Sec'y.

P. H. C.—Smethport Branch, No. [illegible], meets on First and Third Wednesday evenings of each month in Backus Hall.
JONATHAN COLEGROVE, Pres.
MRS. ANNIE K. STOLL, Secy.

Churches

Methodist Episcopal—I. T. WALKER, D. D., pastor. Class meeting, Sunday morning at 10 [illegible] Preaching at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 11:45 a. m. Junior League at 3 p. m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Preaching at 7:30 p. m. Young converts' meeting Tuesday at 7:30 p. m. General prayer meeting Thursday at 7:30 p. m.

Baptist—REV. T. R. TAYLOR, pastor. Preaching every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Bible school directly after morning services. Prayer meeting on Wednesday evenings at 7 o'clock. Young People's prayer meeting at 7:00 every Sunday evening. Covenant meeting Saturday before the first Sunday in each month at 2 o'clock p. m., and the Lord's supper on first Sunday of every second month. All are welcome.

Episcopal—J. HENRY McCANDLESS, Rector. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Additional service at [illegible] a. m., except on first Sunday of each month. Sunday school at 1:30 p. m.

[illegible] Memorial Chapel—East Smethport. REV. J. HENRY McCANDLESS, Rector. [illegible] services every Sunday at 3:00 p. m. Sunday school 2:00 p. m. The Ladies' Guild meets every Friday at 10 a. m.

[illegible] Catholic Church.—Rev. Michael [illegible], pastor. Mass at 11 a. m. Service at 11:30 [illegible] Sunday school at 3 p. m. Services on alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

Union Services at King's Corners school house, East Smethport, every Sunday. Sunday School at 2 p. m. Preaching at 3:00 p. m. by Rev. T. R. Taylor.

[illegible]—REV. W. BURROWS, Pastor. Services every Sunday morning at 10:30 a. m., 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 11:30 a. m.; Class [illegible] and after evening preaching; Children's Meeting, Saturday 1:30 p. m. All are invited.

[illegible] church—J. R. Leach, pastor. Services every Sunday at 2:30 p. m.; Sunday School [illegible] p. m.; Gospel service Wednesday evening. All are invited.

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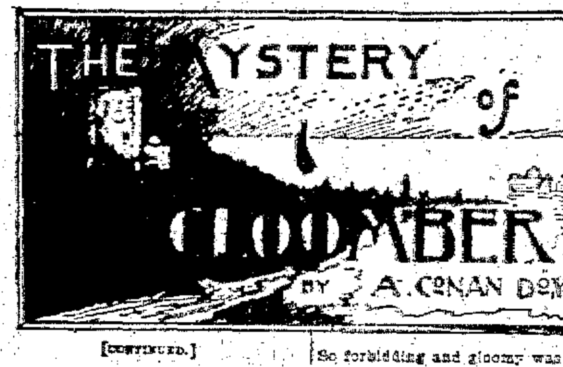

[CONTINUED.]

CHAPTER XVI.

AT THE HOLE OF CREE.

It was dark enough when we started to make it no easy matter to find our way across the moors, but as we advanced it grew lighter and lighter, until by the time we reached Fullarton's cabin it was broad daylight. Early as it was, he was up and about, for the Wigtown peasants are an early rising race. We explained our mission to him in as few words as possible, and having made his bargain—what Scot ever neglected that preliminary?—he agreed not only to let us have the use of his dog but to come with us himself. Mordaunt, in his desire for privacy, would have demurred at this arrangement, but I pointed out to him that we had no idea what was in store for us, and the addition of a strong, able-bodied man to our party might prove to be of the utmost consequence. Again, the dog was less likely to give us trouble if we had its master to control it. My arguments carried the day, and the biped accompanied us as well as his four-footed companion.

There was some little similarity between the two, for the man was a towsy-headed fellow with a great mop of yellow hair and a straggling beard, while the dog was of the long-haired, unkempt breed looking like an animated bundle of oakum. All our way to the Hall its owner kept retailing instances of the creature's sagacity and powers of scent, which, according to his account, were little less than miraculous. His anecdotes had a poor audience, I fear, for my mind was filled with the strange story which I had been reading, while Mordaunt strode on with wild eyes and feverish cheeks, without a thought for anything but the problem which we had to solve. Again and again as we topped an eminence I saw him look eagerly round him in the faint hope of seeing some trace of the absentee, but over the whole expanse of moorland there was no sign of movement or of life. All was dead and silent and deserted.

Our visit to the Hall was a very brief one, for every minute now was of importance. Mordaunt rushed in and emerged with an old coat of his father's, which he handed to Fullarton, who held it out to the dog. The intelligent brute sniffed at it all over, then ran whining a little way down the avenue, came back to sniff the coat again, and finally elevating its stump of a tail in triumph, uttered a succession of sharp yelps to show that it was satisfied that it had struck the trail. Its owner tied a long cord to its collar to prevent it from going too fast for us, and we all set off upon our search, the dog tugging and straining at its leash in its excitement as it followed in the general's footsteps.

Our way lay for a couple of hundred yards along the highroad, and then passed through a gap in the hedge and on to the moor, across which we were led in a bee-line to the northward. The sun had by this time risen above the horizon, and the whole countryside looked so fresh and sweet, from the blue, sparkling sea to the purple mountains, that it was difficult to realize how weird and uncanny was the enterprise upon which we were engaged.

The scent must have laid strongly upon the ground, for the dog never hesitated nor stopped, dragging its master along at a pace which rendered conversation impossible. At one place, in crossing a small stream, we seemed to get off the trail for a few minutes, but our keen-nosed ally soon picked it up upon the other side and followed it over the trackless moor, whining and yelping all the time in its eagerness. Had we not all three been fleet of foot and long of wind we could not have persisted in the continuous, rapid journey over the roughest of ground, with the heather often well-nigh up to our waists.

For my own part, I have no idea now, looking back, what goal it was which I expected to reach at the end of our pursuit. I can remember that my mind was full of the vaguest and most varying speculations. Could it be that the three Buddhists had had a craft in readiness off the coast, and had embarked with their prisoners for the East? The direction of their track seemed at first to favor this supposition, for it lay in the line of the upper end of the bay, but it ended by branching off and striking directly inland. Clearly the ocean was not to be our terminus.

By ten o'clock we had walked close upon twelve miles, and were compelled to call a halt for a few minutes to recover our breath, for the last mile or two we had been breasting the long, wearying slope of the Wigtown hills. From the summit of this range, which is nowhere more than a thousand feet in height, we could see, looking northward, such a scene of bleakness and desolation as can hardly be matched in any country. Right away to the horizon stretched the broad expanse of mud and water, mingled and mixed together in the wildest chaos, like a portion of some world in the process of formation. Here and there on the dun-colored surface of this great marsh there had burst out patches of sickly yellow reeds and of livid greenish scum, which only served to heighten and intensify the gloomy effect of the dull, melancholy expanse. On the side nearest to us some abandoned peat cuttings showed that ubiquitous man had been at work there, but beyond these few petty scars there was no sign anywhere of human life. Not even a crow or a seagull flapped their way over that hideous desert.

This is the great bog of Cree, which may be seen in the maps to extend over a considerable surface of the shire of Wigtown. It is a salt-water marsh formed by an inroad of the sea, and so intersected is it with dangerous swamps and treacherous pitfalls of liquid mud, that no man would venture through it unless he had the guidance of one of the few peasants who retain the secret of its paths. As we approached the fringe of rushes which marked its border a foul dank smell rose up from the stagnant wilderness, as from impure water and decaying vegetation—an earthy, noisome smell which tainted the fresh upland air. So forbidding and gloomy was the aspect of the place that our stout crofter hesitated, and it was all that we could do to persuade him to proceed. Our lurcher, however, not being subjected to the delicate impressions of our higher organizations, still ran yelping along with its nose on the ground and every fibre of its body quivering with excitement and eagerness.

There was no difficulty about picking our way through the morass, for wherever the five could go we three could follow. If we could have had any doubts as to our dog's guidance they would all have been removed now, for in the soft, black oozing soil we could distinctly trace the tracks of the whole party. From these we could see that they had walked abreast, and, furthermore, that each was about equidistant from the other. Clearly, then, no physical force had been used in taking the general and his companion along. The compulsion had been psychical and not material.

Once within the swamp we had to be careful not to deviate from the narrow track, which offered a firm foothold. On each side lay shallow sheets of stagnant water overlying a treacherous bottom of semifluid mud, which rose above the surface here and there in moist, sweltering banks, mottled over with occasional patches of unhealthy vegetation. Great purple and yellow fungi had broken out in a dense eruption, as though Nature were afflicted with a foul disease, which manifested itself by this crop of plague spots. Here and there dark, crab-like creatures scuttled across our path and hideous flesh-colored worms wriggled and writhed amid the sickly reeds. Swarms of buzzing piping insects rose up at every step and formed a dense cloud around our heads, settling on our hands and faces and inoculating us with their filthy venom. Never had I ventured into so pestilent and forbidding a place. Mordaunt Heatherstone strode on, however, with a set purpose upon his swarthy brow, and we could but follow him, determined to stand by him to the end of the adventure.

As we advanced the path grew narrower and narrower until, as we saw by the tracks, our predecessors had been compelled to walk in single file. Fullarton was leading us with the dog, Mordaunt behind him, while I brought up the rear. The peasant had been sulky and surly for a little time back, hardly answering when spoken to, but he now stopped short and positively refused to go a step farther.

"It's no canny," he said; "besides, I ken where it will lead us tae!"

"Where, then?" I asked.

"Tae the Hole of Cree," he answered. "It's no far frae here I'm thinking."

"The Hole of Cree! What is that, then?"

"It's a great muckle hole in the ground that gangs awa' doun so deep that naebody could ever reach the bottom. Indeed there are folk wha say that it's just a door leadin' intae the bottomless pit itsel'."

"You have been there then?" I asked.

"Been there!" he cried. "What would I be doin' at the Hole o' Cree? No, I've never been there, nor any other man in his senses."

"How do you know about it, then?"

"My great grandfather had been there, and that's how I ken," Fullarton answered. "He was fou' one Saturday night and he went for a bet. He didna like tae talk about it afterward, and he wouldna' tell a' what befell him, but he was aye feared o' the very name. He's the first Fullarton that's been at the Hole o' Cree, and he'll be the last for me. If ye'll tak' my advice ye'll just gie the matter up and gang hame again, for there's no guid tae be got oot o' this place."

"We shall go on with you or without you," Mordaunt answered. "Let us have your dog and we can pick you up on our way back."

"Na, na," he cried; "I'll no hae my dog scared wi' bogles and running down Aul Nick as if he were a hare. The dog shall bide wi' me."

"The dog shall go with us," said my companion, with his eyes blazing. "We have no time to argue with you. Here's a five-pound note. Let us have the dog, or, by heaven, I shall take it by force and throw you in the bog if you hinder us." I could realize the Heatherstone of forty years ago when I saw the fierce and sudden wrath which lit up the features of his son.

Either the bribe or the threat had the desired effect; for the fellow grabbed at the money with one hand while with the other he surrendered the leash which held the lurcher. Leaving him to retrace his steps, we continued to make our way into the utmost recesses of the great swamp. The tortuous path grew less and less defined as we proceeded, and was even covered in places with water; but the increasing excitement of the hound and the sight of the deep footmarks in the mud, stimulated us to push on. At last, after struggling through a grove of high bulrushes, we came on a spot the gloomy horror of which might have furnished Dante with a fresh terror for his Inferno.

The whole bog in this part appeared to have sunk in, forming a great funnel-shaped depression, which terminated in the center in a circular rift or opening about forty paces in diameter. It was a whirlpool—a perfect maelstrom of mud, sloping down on every side to this silent and awful chasm. Clearly this was the spot which, under the name of the Hole of Cree, bore such a sinister reputation among the rustics. I could not wonder at its impressing their imagination, for a more weird or gloomy scene, or one more worthy of the avenue which led to it, could not be conceived. The steps passed down the declivity which surrounded the abyss, and we followed them with a sinking feeling in our hearts as we realized that this was the end of our search. A little way from the downward path was the return trail made by the feet of those who had come back from the chasm's edge. Our eyes fell upon these tracks at the same moment, and we each gave a cry of horror, and stood gazing speechlessly at them. For there, in those blurred footmarks, the whole drama was revealed. Five had gone down but only three had returned.

None shall ever know the details of that strange tragedy. There was no marks of struggle or sign of an attempt at escape. We knelt at the edge of the Hole and endeavored to pierce the unfathomable gloom which shrouded it. A faint, sickly exhalation seemed to rise from its depths, and there was a distant burrying, clattering sound as of waters in the bowels of the earth. A great stone lay embedded in the mud, and this I hurled over, but we never heard thud or splash to show that it had reached the bottom. As we hung over the noisome chasm a sound did at last rise to our ears out of its murky depths. High, clear, and throbbing, it tinkled for an instant out of the abyss, to be succeeded by the same deadly stillness which had preceded it. I do not wish to appear to be superstitious, or to put down to extraordinary causes that which may have a natural explanation. That one keen note may have been some strange water sound produced far down in the bowels of the earth. It may have been that or it may have been that sinister bell of which I had heard so much. Be this as it may, it was the only sign that rose to us from the last terrible resting-place of the two who had paid the debt which had so long been owing.

We joined our voices in a call with the unreasoning obstinacy with which men will cling to hope, but no answer came back to us save a thousand hollow reverberations from the depths beneath. Footsore and heartsick, we retraced our steps and climbed the slimy slope once more.

"What shall we do, Mordaunt?" I asked, in a subdued voice. "We can but pray that their souls may rest in peace."

Young Heatherstone looked at me with flashing eyes. "This may be all according to occult laws," he cried, "but we shall see what the laws of England have to say upon it. I suppose a chela may be hanged as well as any other man. It may not be too late yet to run them down. Here, good dog, good dog—here!" He pulled the hound over and set it on the track of the three men. The creature sniffed at it once or twice, and then, falling upon his stomach, with bristling hair and protruding tongue, it lay shivering and trembling, a very embodiment of canine terror.

"You see," I said, "it is no use contending against those who have powers at their command which we cannot even give a name to. There is nothing for it but to accept the inevitable, and to hope that these poor men may meet with some compensation in another world for all that they have suffered in this."

"And be free from all devilish religions and their murderous worshipers!" Mordaunt cried furiously.

Justice compelled me to acknowledge in my own heart that the murderous spirit had been set on foot by the Christian before it was taken up by the Buddhists; but I forebore to remark upon it for fear of irritating my companion. For a long time I could not draw him away from the scene of his father's death, but at last, by repeated arguments and reasonings, I succeeded in making him realize how useless and unprofitable any further efforts on our part must necessarily prove, and in inducing him to return with me to Cloomber. Oh! the wearisome, tedious journey! It had seemed long enough when we had some slight flickering of hope, or at least of expectation, before us, but now that our worst fears were fulfilled it appeared interminable. We picked up our peasant guide at the outskirts of the marsh, and having restored his dog we let him find his own way home, without telling him anything of the results of our expedition. We ourselves plodded all day over the moors with heavy feet and heavier hearts until we saw the ill-omened tower of Cloomber, and at last, as the sun was setting, found ourselves once more beneath its roof.

There is no need for me to enter into further details, or to describe the grief which our tidings conveyed to mother and to daughter. Their long expectation of some calamity was not sufficient to prepare them for the terrible reality. For weeks my poor Gabriel hovered between life and death, and though she came round at last, thanks to the nursing of my sister and the professional skill of Dr. John Easterling, of Stranraer, she has never to this day entirely recovered her former vigor. Mordaunt, too, suffered much for some time, and it was only after our removal to Edinburgh that he rallied from the shock which he had undergone. As to poor Mrs. Heatherstone, neither medical attention nor change of air can ever have a permanent effect upon her. Slowly and surely, but very placidly, she has declined in health and strength, until it is evident that in a very few weeks at the most she will have rejoined her husband and restored to him the one thing which he must have grudged to leave behind.

The Laird of Branksome came home from Italy restored in health, with the result that we were compelled to return once more to Edinburgh. The change was agreeable to us, for recent events had cast a cloud over our country life and had surrounded us with unpleasant associations. Besides, a highly honorable and remunerative appointment in connection with the University library had become vacant, and had, through the kindness of the late Sir Alexander Grant, been offered to my father, who, as may be imagined, lost no time in accepting so congenial a post. In this way we came back to Edinburgh very much more important people than we left it, and with no further reason to be uneasy about the details of housekeeping. But, in truth, the whole household has been dissolved, for I have been married for some months to my dear Gabriel, and Esther is to become Mrs. Heatherstone upon the 23d of this month. If she makes him as good a wife as his sister has made to me, we may both set ourselves down as fortunate men.

These mere domestic episodes are, as I have already explained, introduced only because I cannot avoid alluding to them. My object in drawing up this statement and publishing the evidence which corroborates it, was certainly not to parade my private affairs before the public, but to leave on record an authentic narrative of a most remarkable series of events. This I have endeavored to do in as methodical a manner as possible, exaggerating nothing and suppressing nothing. The reader has now the evidence before him and can form his own opinions unaided by me as to the causes of the disappearance and death of Rufus Smith and of John Berthier Heatherstone, V. C., C. B.

There is only one point which is still dark to me. Why the chelas of Ghoolab Shah should have reserved their victims to the desolate Hole of Cree instead of taking their lives at Cloomber, is, I confess, a mystery to me. In dealing with occult laws, however, we must allow for our own complete ignorance of the subject. Did we know more we might see that there was some analogy between that foul bog and the sacrilege which had been committed, and that their ritual and customs demanded that just such a death was the one appropriate to the crime. On this point I should be sorry to be dogmatic, but at least we must allow that the Buddhist priests must have had some very good cause for the course of action which they so deliberately carried out.

Months afterward I saw a short paragraph in the Star of India announcing that three eminent Buddhists—Lal Hoomi, Mowdar Khan and Ram Singh—had just returned in the steamship Deccan from a short trip to Europe. The very next item was devoted to an account of the life and services of Major-General Heatherstone, "who has lately disappeared from his country house in Wigtownshire, and who, there is too much reason to fear, has been drowned." I wondered if by chance there was any other human eye but mine which traced a connection between these paragraphs. I never showed them to my wife or to Mordaunt, and they will only know of their existence when they read these pages.

I don't know that there is any other point which needs clearing up. The intelligent reader will have already seen the reasons for the general's fear of dark faces, of wandering men (not knowing how his pursuers might come after him), of visitors (from the same cause and because his hateful bell was liable to sound at all times). His broken sleep led him to wander about the house at night, and the lamps which he burned in every room were no doubt to prevent his imagination from peopling the darkness with terrors. Lastly, his elaborate precautions were, as he has himself explained, rather the result of a feverish desire to do something than in the expectation that he could really ward off his fate.

Science will tell you that there are no such powers as those claimed by the Eastern mystics. I, James Fothergill West, can confidently answer that science is wrong, and invite the readers attention to a pithy, if disrespectful aphorism of Baron Hellenbach. For what is science? Science is the consensus of opinion of scientific men, and history has shown that it is slow to accept a truth. Science sneered at Newton for twenty years. Science proved mathematically that an iron ship could not swim, and science declared that a steamship could not cross the Atlantic. Like Goethe's Mephistopheles, our wise professor's forte is to "stets verneinen." Thomas Didymus is, to use his own jargon, his prototype. Let him learn that if he will but cease to believe in the infallibility of his own methods, and will look to the East, from which all great movements come, he will find there a school of philosophers and of savants who, working on different lines to his own, are many thousand years ahead of him in all the essentials of knowledge.

THE OCCULT PHILOSOPHY.

ADDENDUM:

BY MR. MORDAUNT HEATHERSTONE.

I have just looked over the proof sheets of my good friend's account of the events which led up to the death of my father, and I am able to indorse it on every point—save, indeed, that he lays too little stress on the kindness and devotion which he displayed himself throughout. I have asked him, however, before sending his proofs finally to the press, to allow me to make this small addition in order that I may say a few words upon these Indian occults, of whom so little is known. In this appendix form, any reader is at liberty to neglect it; but should he be interested in the subject, I have endeavored to collect a little information for him.

The Eastern adepts exist at present principally in the north of India and in Thibet, though in former days it is probable that their organization was much more widespread. Under the various names of the Egyptian priests, Chaldean, Magi, Essenes, Gnostics, Theurgic Neo-Platonists, and Seers, we catch glimpses of them throughout history. They form the closest and most important secret society which has ever been organized—a society to which any suitable man may gain admission, but which is girt round with such physical terrors, so much bodily privation and discipline, that few have the courage and hardihood to persevere to the end. Those who are earnest and resolute enough to attain full initiation have, however their full reward for all that they have gone through, for they attain such knowledge and such powers as raise them far above the ruck of mankind.

The knowledge of the occult philosophers is both physical and metaphysical, but it is to the latter branch, and especially to the human soul and its destiny, that they have devoted most attention. Their physical knowledge, however, and their power of manipulating those secret laws by which nature builds or destroys, are far in excess of anything known to European science. It must be remembered that our own scientific results are the results of a few hundred years, whereas the occult philosophy has been the work of the very cream of humanity, extending over an unbroken period of at least twenty thousand years, during which time every adept has handed down his powers to his initiates exactly as they were handed down to him, or with such additions as his life of study has enabled him to make. Wonderful as are the powers to which these men have attained, they are the first to disclaim any supernatural source for them. They arise entirely from an intimate knowledge of the nature of things and a deep insight into the hidden forces which pervade the universe. The whole race may hope some day to attain the learning which they have already acquired.

One of the first lessons which the occult initiate has to learn is that wisdom is not to be implanted in any mind by the mere process of study and of instruction. The soil must be prepared before this most precious seed can be committed to it. The keenest and most receptive intellect which is the seat also of pride, of avarice, of sensuality, of selfishness or the love of comfort, can never hope to surmount the first of the ordeals which the occult aspirant has to pass. These weeds must all be thoroughly and remorselessly eradicated before the garden can be planted. For seven years the young chela devotes himself to this struggle for the mastery over himself, until, if he be successful, he finds himself pure in mind and body, free from gross animal instincts, indifferent to personal comfort, and with all the spiritual part of his nature developed at the expense of the bestial. He is then in a condition to receive the first teachings which will lead him on to the higher path. Many, of course, break down in this preliminary process, and are never deemed worthy of the honor of tuition; but the very essence of the order is that it should be select. In this way the early training comes from within not from without. To use their own expression, "an adept becomes—he is not made."

And what are the results obtained by this most ancient and stringent school of knowledge? By the very nature of things we outsiders can only have vague ideas of the few which are adapted to our understanding. The little which we know is probably the mere fringe of the subject. Yet they comprise some fairly weighty adjuncts to our stock of facts.

In the first place, they have proved without the shadow of a doubt that man possesses a soul by the simple expedient of separating it from the body and of rejoining them at pleasure. An adept can put off his body as he would put off his great-coat, and can travel in his soul with the rapidity of thought to the other end of the world. This endows him with practical omniscience as far as mundane affairs are concerned. Again, they have satisfied themselves that the soul is itself a material thing, containing within it a far more ethereal essence, known as the spirit. When Paul of Tarsus says that man consists of a body, a soul, and a spirit, he is not indulging in vain surmise, but is stating concisely the conclusions arrived at by the occult school to which there is every reason to think that he belonged.

Again, the adepts claim to communicate with each other by means of thought-transferrence and not by words. The initiated can therefore talk as easily at the distance of a thousand miles as if they were in the same room. Their desolate retreats and caves in the Himalayas, which seem so lonely to the ignorant, are really foci of mental activity and interchange of views. To attract each other's attention when they wish to communicate they have the power of sounding that bell-like tingling alarum which played so prominent a part in the case of my poor father.

They assert again, and support their assertion by proofs, that they have such a mastery over the subtle chemistry of nature that they can take the elements from the atmosphere and combine them or mold them into any form they please, so as to make any visible object by the synthesis of invisible atoms. They can resolve a solid substance into its most minute molecules, waft those molecules on an occult current to any distance, and there unite them so as to form the original object exactly as it was before. In this manner a block of marble has been conveyed in an instant from Bombay to Calcutta, and letters have been sent with a rapidity which would render the telegraph obsolete.

These are one or two of the minor results claimed by the Eastern philosophers, and surely, if they profess to have attained nothing else, their system deserves some attention from the scientists of the West. The adepts themselves, however, in discussing the question, dismiss these physical phenomena as puerile manifestations, useful enough for service in this world but of no permanent or real importance. The real value of their system lies, they declare, in its metaphysical or religious aspect, and there they claim to have cast a flood of light upon the destiny of the soul which will change religion from a mere speculation or aspiration to one of the exact sciences as demonstrable and as certain as geometry. Into these higher regions of the esoteric system none can penetrate save those who have already mastered the inferior grades, and been chastened in mind and body.

Of course the objection would at once occur to any Western reader that it was extremely improbable that a clique of men could keep their knowledge to themselves, and that if it were possible it is still reprehensible, since such knowledge is intended for the use of the whole human race. To this the occultist replies that the powers which are acquired by his system are of such a formidable nature that they might be terribly abused if they fell into the wrong hands. He considers, therefore, that the human race is not yet prepared for the just exercise of these forces, and that a great responsibility rests with his orders to test every candidate for initiation in the most severe manner, and so to insure that no unworthy man should ever gain admission to the brotherhood. This is the adept's reply, and, right or wrong, he inflexibly adheres to the line of conduct which he has laid down for himself.

For the information which I have jotted down here I am indebted partly to my own reading, partly to what I have heard from my father, and most of all to Mr. A. P. Sinnett, for his excellent summary of the occult philosophy. ("The Occult World." Trubner & Co., 1882.) I can not supplement my account better than by adding one or two of Mr. Sinnett's clear and forcible statements.

"The whole edifice of occultism," he writes, "from basement to roof, is so utterly strange to ordinary conceptions that it is difficult to know how to begin an explanation of its contents. How could one describe a calculating machine to an audience unfamiliar with the simplest mechanical contrivance and knowing nothing of arithmetic? And the highly cultured classes of modern Europe as regards the achievements of occultism are, in spite of the perfection of their literary scholarship and the exquisite precision of their attainments in their own departments of science, in the position as regards occultism of knowing nothing about the A B C of the subject, nothing about the capacities of the soul at all as distinguished from the capacities of body and soul combined. The occultists have for ages devoted themselves to that study chiefly; they have accomplished results in connection with it which are absolutely bewildering in their magnificence; but, suddenly introduced to some of these, the prosaic intelligence is staggered, and feels in a world of miracle and enchantment."

In another part of his interesting work Mr. Sinnett deals with sounds produced at a distance by adepts which correspond to those which haunted my father for so long. Of these he has had personal experience. "It is never loud," he says; "at least, I have never heard it very loud; but it is always clear and distinct to a remarkable extent. If you lightly strike the edge of a thin claret glass with a knife you may get a sound which it would be difficult to persuade any one had come from another room; but the occult bell sound is like that, only purer and clearer, with no suspicion of having in it whatever. * * * The bell sounds are all more sportive illustrations of the properties of the currents which are set in motion to produce them. They serve the direct practical purpose among occultists of a telegraphic call-bell. It appears that where trained occultists are concerned, so that the mysterious magnetic connection which enables them to communicate ideas is once established, they can produce the bell sounds at any distance in the neighborhood of the fellow initiate whose attention they wish to attract." From my father's case it seems that this bell sound is used not merely for the purpose of communication, but also to enable the adepts to retain their hold over an individual and to inform them exactly where he was that they might lay hands upon him at any moment.

These few additional particulars may throw some light upon any obscure points in the statement which has been so concisely and truthfully drawn up by my friend and brother, James Fothergill West.

THE END.

MANY WAYS OF WALKING.

A Person's Character Plainly Shown By The Style of Walking.

Experts say that handwriting never varies in its essence—that is, that its true characteristics are always preserved, even when one attempts to imitate the writing of another. But still we know that forgeries sufficiently clever to bewilder handwriting experts have been perpetrated, and it is also certain that, granted a certain "knack" and peculiar talent, a most characteristic signature can be so imitated as to defy anything more than a grave suspicion of the committal of a forgery.

Walking, however, comes under another category. No man can imitate another's walk for more than two or three steps without making it obvious to any but the dullest observer that he is acting—or walking—a part; that he is thinking constantly on the length of his stride, of the way the foot should reach and leave the ground, of the speed and of the swing of the body. So very characteristic is walking that even the least observant requires only to hear three or four footfalls in a passageway, etc., without seeing the walker, to be absolutely assured of his individuality, if, of course, the walker is familiar to the listener.

And how does character show itself in walking? I should be inclined to say, "In every way." For instance, could one imagine a busy, alert criminal lawyer loafing along with a heavy, laborious stride, or could one imagine a lethargic, unambitious routine life living farm laborer, pass along a street with a springy, alert, active and nervous tread?

The cautious, suspicious man could not possibly walk in the same manner as the hail fellow well met, open handed sportsman; neither could the walk of the dignified high church clergyman resemble that of the bustling all there grocer bent on making himself a millionaire.

The cowardly cannot walk as do the fearless, the restless not as the phlegmatic. And for this reason it seems to me that the police have often something stronger to go on when they find a prisoner's bootmark tallies with the impress of the foot of the known criminal, for if placed under observation when at exercise he will demonstrate to those watching him the weights he puts on different parts of the foot where the impress would be greater and so on.

Storyettes.

Scotch caution is well illustrated in the story told by a minister who taught a bible class in Edinburgh. Having missed one of his students for several Sundays, he said to one of her relatives: "I haena seen your cousin Bell at the class for a long while. Ye ken it's her duty tae attend the schule. Whaur has she gaen?" "I canna very weel tell ye that, meenister," was the careful reply, "but she's deed."

The other day a would-be playwright brought to Richard Mansfield a play for him to read. The actor found it execrable and when the author demanded a verdict, Mr. Mansfield felt it a kindness to point out the mistakes he had made. But the tyro waxed wroth. "Do you know that play cost me a year's hard labor?" he exclaimed. "My dear man, you are fortunate," returned the imperturbed actor; "a more just judge would have made it ten years—he really would."

Elias Howe, the inventor of the sewing machine, proved his patriotism during the war by enlisting and by frequent heavy contributions from his private purse. In November, 1862, his regiment was in Virginia, suffering great discomfort. Not having been paid off and the men needing money Private Howe advanced $12,000 due them. He sat at a table handing out the money, when a clergyman asked him for a subscription toward a new church. "Oh," said Howe, "this is war time." "Yes," the clergyman replied, "but we need churches and hope you will give us something for St. Peter's." "St. Peter," said Howe; "he was the fighting apostle and cut off a man's ear." "Yes." "Oh, well," said Howe, "I'll give you $50 for St. Peter, but just now most of my money is being spent on saltpeter."

Some Simple Facts.

Love turns the crank and wealth lubricates the axle.

Lack of cash causes more poverty than anything else.

It is easier to fall in love than it is to crawl out of it.

The troubles of her neighbors trouble a woman more than her own.

The married actress often tries to make a hit by posing as a miss.

Men buy red paint by the bottle, but women purchase it by the box.

The success of many great men is due to their use of other men's brains.

It is easier to make a record for laziness than it is to make a good living.

Notice to junk dealers, a crown and throne for sale, cheap. Apply to Uncle Sam.

Some men jump their bail in order to save time they would otherwise have to serve.

It's an impressive monument in the life of a girl when a masculine arm first encircles her waist.

A rolling stone gathers no moss; but there are lots of men who don't use moss in their business anyway.

The man who sits around and brags of his bravery is the first man to break for the woods in time of danger.

He Can't Be Spared.

Mrs. Highly—"Has your husband gone to the war?"

Mrs. Strongminded—"No, I can't afford to hire a nurse for the children."

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SMETHPORT, FRIDAY, SEPT. 23, 1898.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR
HON. WILLIAM A. STONE,
of Allegheny.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR
J. P. S. GOBIN,
of Lebanon.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE
W. W. PORTER,
of Philadelphia,
WILLIAM DAVID PORTER,
of Allegheny.

FOR SECRETARY OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS
JAMES W. LATTA,
of Philadelphia.

FOR CONGRESSMAN-AT-LARGE
GALUSHA A. GROW,
of Susquehanna.
S. A. DAVENPORT,
of Erie.

FOR CONGRESS
HON. C. W. STONE,
of Warren County.

FOR MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY
HON. R. A. DEMPSEY,
of Bradford,
T. F. RICHMOND,
of Smethport.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER
J. W. CAMPBELL,
of Kane.

FOR CORONER
R. R. SHERMAN,
of Bradford.

Gave no complimentary votes.

The Spanish General who surrendered at Santiago came nearer being Toral to pieces on his arrival in Spain than he ever did in his life before. The Spaniards were raving.

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 1898, our total foreign commerce amounted to $1,874,000,000 and our trade balance was $615,000,000. Not such a bad showing with a foreign war on our hands part of the time.

The Democrats in 1896 threw away their past record, adopted a new one, used that for one year and dare not bring their issue of 1896 into the State campaign. Republicans, can you conscientiously support those candidates? Vote for W. A. Stone and the whole Republican ticket.

George A. Jenks, Democratic candidate for governor, is parading over the western part of the State urging Republicans to vote for him. But dodge as he may, he finds it difficult to cover up the free silver blanket on the old Democratic mule with State issues. It will not go. His governorship boom seems to have got into an eddy of free silver doctrine, Wilson Gormanism and all the other isms that the party has been training under for years and Mr. Jenks finds it hard to land his boom on terra firma.

An item has been going the rounds of the press to the effect that a decision has recently been handed down by the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania construing the act of 1895 relating to the fees of constables to mean that constables are entitled to 10 cents per mile circular instead of 10 cents per mile direct. In answer to the inquiry addressed to Charles S. Greene, Prothonotary of the Supreme Court, by the Solicitor of Clearfield county he was informed that no such decision had been rendered and no case involving the point in question is before the Supreme Court to his knowledge.—Wellsboro Republican.

Rumors are being circulated about the county that certain Republican candidates and Democratic candidates are combining in certain localities to induce Republicans to vote for one of each ticket and leave the other two in the cold. The Miner has no knowledge of any such deal and hopes there is no one on the ticket low enough to enter into a combination of such a despicable nature, to say nothing of its suicidal features. For if such a deal were entered into and found out, which it certainly would be, it would sound the death knell to success of any one mean enough to enter into it. Republicans stand by the ticket. It is composed of good men against whom nothing derogatory can be said.

After a very lengthy contest in the 46th Senatorial district, composed of Venango and Warren counties, in which Capt. H. H. Cummings of Warren county and Col. Wilbur J. Hulings of Venango were the aspirants, Capt. Cummings was finally awarded the prize. Both were able men and either would have made a most acceptable Senator for the district. The contest had been continued for so long that Judge Miller of Mercer county and Judge [illegible] of this county were selected as arbiters to settle the matter, and if they could not agree they were empowered to select a third disinterested party to settle the case. But this proved not to be necessary for, by the advice of these two able jurists, the conferees from the two counties cast their ballots for Capt. Cummings.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat truthfully says: "It has been the settled policy of the Democratic party to keep the regular army down to 27,000 men and to prevent any enlargement of the staff departments. No investigation can proceed far without running into this fact." This is not all. It is a well known fact that the regulars, who were inured to hardships, passed through the Santiago campaign with much fewer casualties than the volunteers, and no grumbling or fault finding. If Uncle Sam had possessed a standing army of 50,000 or 75,000 men the Spanish war would have terminated in much less suffering and death by disease. But this "penny wise and pound foolish" Democratic economy has caused the entire army a [illegible]

THE MYSTERY SOLVED.

For decades the query has been in the minds of many people, what was the Democratic party organized for? But there was never any light thrown upon the question until last Friday night at Bradford when the Hon. Geo. A. Jenks, Democratic candidate for governor in this State, enlightened his hearers by the following declaration:

"The Republican party was born in 1854. Before that the Know Nothing party came up, but the Democracy wiped it out of existence so that it has never been heard from since."

Here is what the party of the unterrified was organized for, the wiping out of the Know Nothing party. And what a mess they made of it. In wiping out the Know Nothing party a new organization arose that has shown up the trickery and knavery of the Democratic party for a period of forty-two years so successfully that two years ago their handling of national affairs became so odious and their incompetency so palpable that it even penetrated their iron plated epidermis, and when they saw the condition the country had been brought to by their free trade doctrine they lacked the backbone to stand by their work, but laid it all at the door of Cleveland, their own consecrated knight of *free trade*", and sent him into oblivion. Thus they cut all the bridges behind them and started out on a new tangent in the hope of blinding the voters of the country with free silver and the denouncement of the Supreme Court of the nation.

This is a partial record of this Know Nothing destroyer whose leaders are now striving to elect their party to control in the Keystone State. This same party in 1860, when they surrendered the control of the State to the Republican party after many years of unmolested supervision, left the State in debt $40,000,000 in times of peace. There had been no war since the Mexican war, a period of 14 years, and Pennsylvania had been solidly Democratic, yet the State was overwhelmingly in debt. These same roorbacks now ask you to vote them into power. You can only judge of the future by the past. Take this party's record, *search it carefully*, and you will always find that they make most brilliant promises, which always end in glaring errors and mistakes.

Prior to the late war they had two sets of principles, one for south of Mason and Dixon's line and another for north of it. Now they have free trade and free silver for a national issue and in the State campaign, but in sound money and protection Pennsylvania they drop their national doctrine, willing to take up with any old thing so they are permitted to stand at the public crib once more.

NOT SKIN DEEP.

Judging by the actions and expressions of some men, their political principles are not skin deep. Democrats and Republicans of this Congressional district have been ready to fall over themselves in order to vote for Hon. C. W. Stone, our present able member of Congress. Now, because some of their favorites have failed to receive post office appointments, these men are ready *to throw aside their political* principles and forget Mr. Stone's able record in Congress, of which we have all been so proud for many years, and vote for Joseph C. Sibley who was a member of Congress from the 26th district and assisted in foisting that odious measure known as the Wilson-Gorman bill upon the country. Said bill was instrumental in closing our factories, mills and all other industries besides injuring our agricultural interests to many millions of dollars. The country never passed through such a blight as was caused by that infernal measure, and J. C. Sibley was one of the main workers for its passage, while Hon. C. W. Stone worked like a Trojan for its defeat. Now some of the Republicans of this district are working night and day to secure the defeat of Mr. Stone. How quickly our voters forget the noble work performed by our able Congressman last year when standing with Tom Reed and Nelson Dingley and other staunch Republicans they succeeded in repealing that nightmare known as the Wilson bill and passing the Dingley bill, which has brought new life to the nation and started the fires of industry all over our bright land once more, and closed the soup house that abounded so plentifully when Cleveland, Gorman, Wilson and Sibley stalked in the halls of Congress and formulated laws that ruined the country. Stand by the party that saved the country and vote for Stone.

ANOTHER PROP GONE.

The free traders have their props one after another knocked out from under them. It used to be their boast and campaign cry that not a piece of tin ever had been or ever would be manufactured in the United States. Now behold the outcome. Messrs. William Williams & Sons of Swansea, Wales, have sold their immense tin plate manufactory, covering forty-five acres of ground, at a great sacrifice and will move to Pittsburg and start a tin manufactory. How Cleveland, Wilson, Gorman, Joe Sibley and the rest of the free trade gang used to hoot at McKinley when he was advocating the manufacture of American tin and, by the way, this same Joe Sibley is now asking Republican voters to elect him to Congress from this district that he may again have the opportunity of working to destroy American industries. These free traders have done all in their power in that line. Will Republican voters again assist in placing them in power? Do not allow disgruntled politicians to mislead you again, just because they have an imagined grievance. Remember this, that the Republican party has always striven to advance American industries, while the Democratic doctrine of free trade has a tendency to advance foreign manufacture and deprive the American workingman of his just and lawful privileges.

JACK FROST evidently has some trouble about transports.—Pittsburg Times. Transports are all engaged in bringing home starving Klondikers.

VOTE the Republican ticket straight.

PAY your taxes before October 8th.

For broken surfaces, sores, insect bites, burns, skin diseases and especially piles there is one reliable remedy, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. When you call for DeWitt's don't accept counterfeits or frauds. You will not be disappointed with DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A. B. Armstrong & Co.

A. B. Armstrong & Co. guarantee the [illegible] to give entire satisfaction or refund money.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19, 1898.

Now that the Peace Commissioners are well on their way to Paris, President McKinley will complete the commission to investigate the conduct of the war and will get it to work at the earliest possible moment. He thinks the commission can do all of its work in Washington, calling such witnesses as were in positions which enabled them to possess useful information; and he told one of the commissioners that every communication sent or received by the War Department would be made accessible to the commission, and that the whole power of the government would be used to assist the commissioners in getting at everything they desired to know. The only desire that President McKinley has in the matter is to show the people of the country just how the war was conducted, and to at the same time discover the things in our present system that should be changed in order to get the best results. He wishes nobody to be shielded and nobody to be persecuted.

The gentlemen who have consented to serve on the commission are so well known that no one would question their report when it is made. The words of such men as these always carries conviction to the public: President Gilman of John Hopkins University, Hon. Charles Denby, for more than thirteen years United States Minister to China, Col. James A. Sexton, the newly elected Commander-in Chief of the G. A. R., Gen. Granville M. Dodge, who gained military fame in the Civil War, Dr. W. W. Keen, whose achievements have placed him in the front rank of the medical profession, not only of the United States but of the world, and Capt. Evan P. Howell, formerly editor of the Atlanta Constitution. The lack of legal authority to compel witnesses to testify is not regarded as a serious drawback to the commission. Few witnesses called are likely to decline to testify, when they know that the President wishes them to tell all they know.

The sessions of the peace commission to meet at Paris Oct. 1 are to be held in the famous Salle des Ambassadeurs, the French government having tendered the use of that apartment, in which have been enacted numerous international diplomatic dramas, when the meeting place of the peace commission was first announced. Just previous to the departure of the American commissioners from Washington, Hon. Wm. R. Day, who heads the commission, tendered his resignation as Secretary of State, which was accepted by the President, who then officially announced the appointment of Col. John Hay, recently Ambassador to Great Britain, to be Secretary of State. At the same time Hon. John Bassett Moore, who accompanied the commissioners as adviser, tendered his resignation as First Assistant Secretary of State, and it was accepted. Secretary Hay, who will be in Washington in a few days will choose Mr. Moore's successor. The instructions given our representatives on the peace commission has been a well-kept secret. Surmises have been plentiful, but there are no facts before the public. President McKinley says the policy of this government in the negotiations of the treaty of peace with Spain will be recognized as thoroughly American when it becomes known, and that it will be endorsed by our people as a whole. More than that he does not deem it prudent to say at this time.

The sensation mongers hardly got a chance to spread their imagination on the stories of such a serious situation at Manila that more American troops *were needed, before the sensation was* punctured by an official report from Gen. Otis, who is in command of our troops over there during the absence of Gen. Merritt, who is on his way to Paris to place the information in his possession before the American peace commissioners, saying that no more troops were needed, and that the situation was satisfactory from an American point of view.

Maj. General James H. Wilson, who commanded a corps in the Porto Rican campaign and who is now at his Delaware home on furlough, said when asked for his views of the war: "I have nothing to complain of. I am very much like the grave digger who, when asked while digging a grave who had died and what was wrong, replied: 'There aint nothin' wrong; everybody is satisfied.'"

Postmaster General Smith, who will *deliver an address* at the Omaha Exposition on Pennsylvania day, has accepted invitations to deliver political speeches at Topeka and Wichita, Kansas, on the 7th and 8th of October, and has under consideration invitations to make other speeches in Nebraska and Ohio. He will accept as many of the invitations as he can.

There is already evidence that the Democrats, in their anxiety to make political capital, have overdone the criticism of the War Department by *spreading stories so ridiculously false* as to carry their own refutation. It will not be the first time that Democratic campaign stories have turned out to be boomerangs.

OUR COUNTRY.

It is a good time to recall and reiterate the famous sentiment of Commodore Decatur: "Our country, always right; but right or wrong our country." Of course it is difficult to separate our country from our countrymen, and our countrymen have a wayward habit of giving way to their emotions. Like all the rest of mankind, they are composed *very largely* of human nature. This means that as a people we pass rapidly from one frame of mind to another. When irritated the average American cannot be relied upon for calmness and composure, and when real mad he can generally be relied upon to say pretty hard things. Under a strong tension of patriotism everything is forgotten but the country's needs. Up with the flag; on with the march! The danger being past the reaction comes. The spirit of exaltation *gradually yields* and the spirit of criticism and fault finding comes forward as if to make up for lost time.

What housewife gets perfect service from a handful of servants? What father secures absolute obedience from his minor children when they are out of his sight? And how is it possible that a great army should move like clockwork and always have at hand just what is needed and at the exact hour? If there have been any unusual disasters in our armies and if they have resulted from criminal negligence, there will be a time for the truth to be known, and lawful and reasonable methods for finding it out. But it must be evident to every rational man that just judgments cannot be pronounced upon government officials by mere circulation of ex parte statements, many of which originate in unreliable sources and most of which carry with them no direct information as to where the blame should rest.

Would it not be well if the public mind could now be turned to more interesting themes than either the accidents or the faults of army administration, and the world be permitted to see the American people a little better reconciled to their own government than some of our newspapers have represented them to be during the last fortnight?—Cincinnati Enquirer.

From an Old Soldier.

Knox, Ind., Jan. 11, 1897.

Gents:—I have every confidence in recommending your Syrup of Pepsin. I am 73 years of age and am broken down, the trouble having been brought on by my experience in the war. Your medicine has done me more good than a hundred doctors and I am just about well of stomach complaint. Yours truly, Jefferson Wilhelm. A. B. Armstrong & Co.

"BY THEIR FRUITS YE SHALL KNOW THEM."

"It seems to be the sentiment of a great number of people in Pennsylvania to-day that the time for acts has arrived and deeds will alone suffice."

The above is taken from Mr. Sibley's speech delivered at Oil City on Tuesday night. Republican voters of the 27th Congressional district, you had a taste from 1893 to 1897 of the acts and deeds of Mr. Sibley and his coterie of free traders. Will you again be inveigled into voting for a blatant free trader who will use all his influence in Congress to advance the interests of foreign industries? You can only judge of the future by what a man has done in the past. Mr. Sibley has not reformed any of his free trade theories. The *only reformation* perceptible is that he asks Republican voters to assist in electing him to an office so ably filled by Hon. C. W. Stone, whose record in Congress is beyond reproach. Republicans, will you sell your birthright for a mess of free trade pottage? You have had four years of that medicine; you have seen its results. Will you allow politicians who have no interest in the election of Mr. Sibley, further than to avenge an imaginary wrong on Mr. Stone, to influence your vote? If Mr. Sibley's record in Congress had shown that he was earnestly working to advance the cause of industry in our great nation it would be different, but when his record is compared with that of C. W. Stone it is like comparing Egyptian darkness with the bright sunlight of heaven.

BEWARE OF HIM.

There is a man in the guise of a Republican reformer who occasionally visits our county and strives to stir up dissension among the Republican voters and by that means induce them to vote for the Democratic candidates for assembly. Do not listen to his blandishments. While the Democratic candidates are good men, our own candidates are *equally as good* and fully as worthy of your support. No Republican can afford to prove disloyal to our excellent ticket. Put a cross at the head of the first column. Be loyal to the only party that ever advanced American interests.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident of which Mr. John Oliver of Philadelphia was the subject is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most *dreadful* condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite, gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters,' and to my great joy and surprise the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents per bottle at A. B. Armstrong & Co.'s drug store.

From a Methodist Preacher.

Clay City, Ind., Jan. 12, 1897.
Pepsin Syrup Co., Monticello, Ill.

Gentlemen:—It affords me great pleasure to speak in praise of your most excellent medicine. I have suffered quite a great deal from sick headache, the result of sedentary habits and sluggish liver and bowels. Your remedy corrects these troubles and my headaches are stopped. J. C. Boone, pastor M. E. church. A. B. Armstrong & Co.

One Minute Cough Cure surprises people by its quick cures and children may take it in large quantities without the least danger. It has won for itself the best reputation of any preparation used to-day for colds, croup, tickling in the throat or obstinate coughs. A. B. Armstrong & Co.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

"All weather is alike to me" I wear the kind that "RETAIN THEIR SHAPE."
"That's the kind I'm looking for. I'll order a suit from their agent immediately."

MADE TO ORDER BY
EDWARD E. STRAUSS & CO.
America's Popular Tailors, Chicago.

THAT'S JUST IT!
You can't always tell by the looks of a garment how it is going to WEAR.

WHY NOT
get the WEAR as well as the looks when you can have both at the same

PRICE, 12.00 is the starting point of those

Edward E. Strauss & Co.'s Famous Custom Tailored Suits and Overcoats

with an ironclad guarantee thrown in free.

IT WILL PAY YOU to examine this line and leave your order for one of these handsome garments.

CALL ON
F. O. LINDHOLM & CO., Agents.
Smethport, Pa.

DENTISTRY.

Modern, scientific and up-to-date.
Painless extraction of teeth. Over 25 years' experience.
Satisfaction guaranteed.

DR. F. C. PIERCE,
Smethport, Pa.

STOP AND SEE
Holder, the Grocery Man,
Opera House Block, Smethport, Pa.,
Who solicits a share of your patronage.
HIGH GRADE. LOW PRICES.

Our Low Prices Attract Trade.

Sale of Remnants at Olean.

We have completed our annual inventory and find many broken lots and short pieces. We want to turn these into money and prices will do it. If you watch this store it will repay you for we sell good reliable furniture, wall paper, carpets, etc., at lower prices than any store in the city. Our stock is large, good, light and plenty of help to serve you.

Note a Few of Our Special Drives

Remnants of Ingrains up to 12 yards at 39c yard.
Remnants of Ingrains 12 to 20 yards at cost.
Remnants of Brussels up to 20 yards at cost.
Remnants of Moquettes up to 20 yards 75c yard.
20 Hassocks, square shape, 40c to close.
Remnants in oil cloths, linoleums, mattings, lace curtains, draperies, rugs, carpets, etc., at very low prices to sell quick.
15 brass extension poles to close out at 25c.
100 yards 36-inch cretone 10½c yard was 18c.
25 yards 50-inch brocatelle $1.50 yard, was $2.00.
100 odd window shades 15c and 25c, were 25c and 50c.
3 rope portiers $1.50 each, were $2.00.
5 bamboo portiers 85c each, were $1.25.
8 Grand Rapids Sweepers $1.50, were $2.00.
Many odd chairs, tables, etc., to select at low prices.
500 white curtain poles at 15c each.
10 porch rockers at 90c.
30 couches at $10, worth $12.
10 oak bedroom suites $13.48, worth $15.
Beautiful designs in new parlor tables $3.50 to $7.00.
White or gold picture frames, mat and glass, ready to frame, 49c

Andrews & Conkling, The Complete House Furnishers, 135-137 Union St., Olean.

We pay freight. We sew Carpets above 60c Free.

Paris Green,
London Purple
and
Insect Powder
JUST RECEIVED AT
Armstrong & Co.,
SMETHPORT, PA. Opp. Court House.

Where are We at?
Our Office is at
Smethport, McKean County, Pa.

BUT
We are with You if you wish to Buy
Lumber
Lath
Shingles
Siding
Flooring
Ceiling
Moulding
Doors
Windows
Screens
Glass.
Only a sample order will convince you that You're with Us.
Call and see us, or write us for quotations.
HOLMES & GILFILLAN.

SPECHT & SASSE,
THE OLD RELIABLE
FURNITURE DEALERS,
Are better prepared than ever to fill your wants in their line. Their stock is full and complete. Their prices at rock-bottom.
Do not fail to give them a call.
UNDERTAKING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY
By Buying
At Mason's Hardware
THE NEAT STORE
THE POPULAR STORE
THE HARDWARE STORE
that sells Hardware right, and is stocked with the Best Hardware.

Fruit Cans

Pints and Quarts,	55c doz
Half Gallons,	75c doz

ONE
Featherstone Bicycle
IN STOCK
It will be sold at Cost.
F. A. MASON,
Smethport, Pa.

4-DAYS-4.
S. HICKS,
OPTICIAN,
KANE,

WILL TEST EYES AND FIT GLASSES AT
Dr. Chadwick's Drug Store,
Smethport, Pa.,
Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday,
SEPTEMBER 12, 13, 14 and 15.
Office hours from 1 to 5 p. m. and 7 to 9 p. m.

Executor's Notice.

Letters testamentary in the Estate of Wm. [illegible], late of [illegible] township, McKean county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned executor, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment, and those having claims against the same to present them for payment, duly authenticated.

[illegible]
Executor of the Estate of Wm. [illegible], deceased.
[illegible] Center, Pa., Sept. 13, 1898.

DR. CALDWELL'S
SYRUP PEPSIN
CURES CONSTIPATION.

J. COLEGROVE'S
Cash Bargain Day,
Sat. Sept. 24.

8 lbs. Rolled Oats for	25c
Armour's Roast Beef, can	20c
Gold Star washing powder, pk	15c
Royal Baking Powder, lb	40c
Gilt Edge baking soda, pkg	6c
" " corn starch, pkg	6c
Any corset in the store, to day for	78c
Arbuckle Coffee, lb	10c
8 bars Oak Leaf soap for	25c
10 " Hoe Cake " "	25c
Simon's Extract, 2½ oz. bottle	20c
Full cream cheese, lb	10c
White clover honey, to-day, lb	10c
Blended Java coffee, lb	28c
Sal Soda, lb	2c
3 cans Red Seal lye for	25c

J. Colegrove,
Next to Bank
106 EAST MAIN STREET.

ACME MILL,
J. H. GREEN, Prop'r.
MY STOCK IS FRESH AND CONSISTS OF:
Flour, Feed, Meal, Wheat, Corn Oats, Hay, Straw, Bran, Middlings, Hominy, Linseed Meal, Etc.
Goods Delivered Promptly.
Water & Hill Sts. Smethport.

INSURANCE.
Life, Fire and Accident
written by
W. F. SPECHT,
SMETHPORT, PA.
in good, reliable companies.

John Vanblad,
Practical Horseshoer.

I have rented the blacksmith shop of T. H. Purtle and am now well prepared to do
HORSESHOEING
AND
BLACKSMITHING
of all kinds in a prompt and satisfactory manner.
Special attention to shoeing interfering and sore horses.
A share of your patronage solicited.

John Vanblad,
WATER ST. SMETHPORT, PA.

THOS. H. CLARK,
(Successor to W. F. Walsh.)
Practical Plumber,
Gas and Steam Fitter.
Dealer in
Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Wash Basins, Gas Stoves, Gas Fixtures, Steel and Tin Roofing, etc. Also Galvanized Conductors and Tin Spouting.
Agent for the Welsbach Lamps.
Thos. H. Clark,
SMETHPORT, PA.

VALUABLE
BOROUGH LOTS
For Sale.

The following desirable lots in the Borough of Smethport are offered for sale by the subscribers:

Lot No. 3, *in* Square No. 86 on Main street, between the properties of D. L. Forsyth and Dr. F. C. Pierce.

Lots Nos. 2, 3 and 4 in Square No. 87, on Main street between Pike and Allegany streets.

Lots Nos. 3 and 7 in Square No. 67, adjoining on the west the property of W. H. Knight.

Lots Nos. 7 and 8 in Square No. 86, and 6, 7 and 8 in Square No. 87 on Water street, opposite the Camp glass works.

Lots Nos. 5, 6, 7 and 8 in Square No. 45, lots Nos. 6 and 7 in Square No. 46, lots Nos. 5, 6, 7 and 8 in Square No. 47, and lots Nos. 5, 6, 7 and 8 in Square No. 33, all on King street.

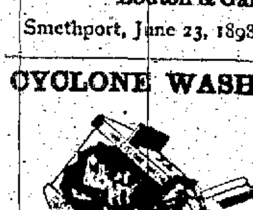
Five lots in the outlot on lower Main street, known as the McDonald lot. These lots are 68 feet wide by 300 feet deep.

For prices and terms of sale inquire of

Bouton & Gallup.

Smethport, June 23, 1898.

CYCLONE WASHER.



MRS. LINDA E. BUSH, Agent,
TURTLE POINT, PENNA.

Wrights, Pa., Sept. 18, 1898.
This is to certify that a good sized washing has been done with the Cyclone Washer at my house in two hours and twenty minutes—150 feet of line full.
MRS. C. WETMORE.
Witness: MRS. ANNA WETMORE.

Ridgway, Pa., Aug. 29, 1898.
Having used the Cyclone Washing Machine, would not part with it for double the money paid for it.
MRS. GEO. W. GARDENER.

Smethport, July 7, 1898.
After using the Cyclone Washer my family would not accept any other washer as a gift and do without the Cyclone. Respectfully,
WALTER EVANS, L. A. PATTERSON,
E. H. TAYLOR, C. N. BATES.

INSURANCE!
Fire insurance written in the leading companies. Life and Accident Insurance in the most reliable companies of America.
PIANOS
Of the following first-class manufacturers: A. B. Chase, Bush & Gertz, Malcom Love and Woodward & Brown, sold for cash or on installments.
ORGANS
Of the very best makes, sold for cash or on installments, at reduced prices.
SEWING MACHINES.
Will sell Domestic and Wheeler & Wilson machines hereafter for cash at a
Reduction of $25.00
from the list price of each machine, at my store. Now avail yourselves of this grand offer.
Piano and Organ Instruction Books, Sheet Music, Needles, Oil and all kinds of Fixtures for all kinds of Sewing Machines. Mail orders will receive prompt attention.
Mr. F. W. Burdick, Piano Tuner of Olean, N. Y., will visit Smethport every three months. Please leave orders at my office.
C. A. BURDICK.
Salesroom, Kelly Block, Smethport, Pa.

FIVE HUNDRED STOVES.

The annual sales in our stove department run 500 stoves. You will find now something over *70 styles on exhibit*. You will find prices that no store doing a smaller business can compete with.

And the stoves that we keep are good stoves. We know all about everyone of them.

GAS HEATERS from $3.00 up. Any size or price you want. Our most popular heater is the Radiant Home, No. 20—our price $14.

WOOD HEATERS for camps—seven styles.

COOK STOVES for coal or wood.

GAS RANGES. *The* Reliables are unquestionably the best ranges ever sold here. Hundreds of them have gone from our store into use, and the first complaint has never been made on one. Prices, $13.50 up—45 styles.

RUBBER PAINT LASTS.

Rubber paint is the best paint we know of. We have handled it for 15 years, and many other paints with it. Rubber Paint outlasts the others. It looks better *from* the start. We have proved it a thousand times.

We sell everything that belongs to a Paint store.

HARNESS.

We sell harness lower than any other store near you. We sell it enough lower to several times over pay you for coming here.
Single Driving Harness as low as $5.50.
Harness suitable for every purpose.
Everything else for the horse.

HAMMOCKS & ICE CHESTS MUST GO

We can save you five years' interest on your investment if you choose to buy now for next season.

ONE HUNDRED DINNER SETS.

We can show you one hundred styles of Dinner Sets here at almost any time. Plenty of low price styles commencing at $6.75 for 100 pieces.
Toilet Sets in thirty styles—$1.75 up.
We import our fine China direct. We buy all in large quantities, and sell at prices that control the Bradford trade.

CIDER MILLS TO ORDER.

Please ask for quotations.

EMERY & WEAVER,
L. EMERY, JR., & CO.,
BRADFORD.

To THE PUBLIC
in general and
LADIES IN PARTICULAR

You are respectfully invited to my store to look over the prettiest lot of dress goods ever brought into town; also the largest and best assortment of Women's, Misses' and Children's Shoes in black and tan colors.

From week to week I propose to advertise specialties, giving the public an idea of the large stock of merchandise carried in my store. This week I would call your attention to our

Wash Dress Goods, in Linen and Linen Effects, Light and Dark Percales, Lawns, Madras cloth, Piques, Cambrics, Plain and Dotted Swiss Mulls.

In Shoes you can see a window full of samples; inside are dozens pairs. Do not be afraid to ask to look over the stock. If you do not see what you want ask for it and we will be only too glad to show you.

D. C. YOUNG'S,
May 10, 1898. Smethport, Pa

Don't You Want Something Entirely New in
Calicoes, Percales for winter, Fleece-lined Calicoes, Muslins, the latest things in Dress Plaids, Ribbons, etc.

Remember these goods are not shop worn. They are all new, having just arrived, and include all the latest novelties. A careful comparison of prices with other dealers will convince you that we have some bargains for you.

Mrs. E. E. Chambers & Co.,
SMETHPORT, PA.

We Sell
OUR OWN Hand-made, Platform and Buckboard Wagons, Oak Tan, Hand-stitched Harness.
GRATON CARRIAGE CO.'S Indestructible Vehicles in all styles.
MURRAY & CO.'S CELEBRATED Summer Horse Clothing and Lap Dusters.
We take pleasure in showing these goods to everybody and would like to show them to you.
OAK LEATHER HARNESS & CARRIAGE CO.,
Sign, THE GRAY HORSE. 253 Union St., Olean, N. Y.

FALL OPENING

SATURDAY, Sept. 24th.

MONDAY, Sept. 26th.

With CONDITIONS OF OWNERSHIP which make us masters of the situation, STYLES that are correct and MATERIALS that combine excellence and beauty we inaugurate on the above dates what must prove the most successful business in our history in

LADIES',
Misses' and Children's
Fall and Winter
WRAPS.

We take pleasure in showing our goods. Give us a call.

Our store is generously supplied with new Fall Goods of all kinds.

F. G. Lindholm & Co.
Dry Goods, Groceries, Shoes,
Smethport, Pa.

The Season
for Views

is now here. Have this work done when the foliage is prettiest. That time is now.
Still headquarters for fine photographs.

The Latest Improved
Graphophone

is here. Come to the studio and hear it. If you want one I have the agency.

"IKE" GLEASON, The Photographer.
Smethport, Pa.

"SHOES."

We will send to any responsible person SHOES to select from. We have everything in

Fine Shoes

in styles and quality that cannot be purchased in any small town. We make a specialty of FINE SHOES; every width and size.

BURT & PACKARD'S Korrect Shape Shoes for Men. We refer you to our many customers in Smethport.

R. W. Bloodsworth & Co.,
Olean, N. Y.

Glass Workers Attention!

You may not know the brand or the manufacturer, but ask any dealer in Smethport how the AMERICAN GENTLEMAN 10 cent cigar stands in his estimation. Try one and you will find out for yourself. For sale by all dealers in Smethport and vicinity. No artificial flavor used. Nothing but the pure quill.

McKean County Miner

Entered at the postoffice at Smethport as second-class mail matter.

SMETHPORT, FRIDAY, SEPT. 23, 1898.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The Anarchist.

"O tell me what has happened?"
Spake Austria's dying Queen;
For from his hand Lucchini
Had drawn the blade unseen.
The wounded world feels keenly,
The fatal blow then given;
And pleads with faith in justice,
The punishment of heaven.

Before such cruel monsters
Fall men of highest worth;
A Garfield and a Lincoln—
The purest of the earth.
A Carnot and Costello,
Are bitten by this snake
Foul anarchist; "were all necks one"—
Pure justice would them break.

The rich may rule with wisdom,
The poor be kindly fed;
Crowns may rest on honored brows,
On noble, knightly head;
Fiends of lowest type are those
Who cut the worthy down,
Ruling well on freedom's soil—
Or wearing jeweled crown.

Greatly grieved, seek not redress
By coward's bloody blade,
Such deeds of grossest infamy
Must go to darkest shade.
The evolution God controls,
Brings all things to the light;
Prince of Peace would teach the world
That Kingdoms should not fight.

Tho' thrones ordained of heaven
Will stand this bloody deed,
'Tis not the voice of suffering
That makes the kingdoms bleed.
Sheathe thy blade, the Master said,
To take the sword is evil;
To use it as Lucchini,
Is plainly of the devil.

—I. T. W.

—Read J. Colegrove's bargain day announcement.

—A. K. Stickles has another interesting ad this week.

—There are 264 pupils in attendance at the borough schools.

—Mrs. P. H. Smith of East Smethport moves to Olean to-day.

—The regular term of criminal court commences Monday, October 3.

—Miss Nettie Hamlin is suffering from a sprained ankle, but is improving.

—F. S. Baker finished the work on the new glass works at Hazelhurst last Saturday.

—There are three hundred and eight Bucktails remaining, scattered over 20 States.

—Note change in the American Gentleman cigar advertisement at the head of these columns.

—Mrs. J. C. Backus has repaired the walk and large platform in front of her residence and Backus hall.

—The store of Messrs. H. W. Rubin & Co. will be closed from Monday morning until Tuesday morning, it being the Jewish Atonement.

—W. E. Garrity of Bradford has been lodged in castle Davis for attempted criminal assault upon Mrs. Emma Hicks of the same city.

—R. C. Olenton has received several new records for his graphophone which are fine. He informs us that he has ordered a new graphophone.

—Miss Agnes McCoy will sing at the June Reed concert next Monday evening. Prof. Cheney of Olean will render a violin solo and will play a duet with Miss Reed.

—Note the change in the advertisement of D. M. Brasted. He informs us that he is making fine bread and especially salt rising bread. Be sure to call on him when in need of bread, etc.

—Don't fail to read advertisement of F. G. Lindholm & Co. announcing fall opening for Saturday and Monday, Sept. 24 and 26.

—Herman Sasse has been busy for several days painting the window casings and cornices of the Grand Central. It makes a great improvement.

—During the past year 13,723 G. A. R. veterans passed over the divide. They are fast passing away and most of those who remain are becoming infirm.

—The Bradford-Kane football game which took place on the Washington street grounds in the first named city resulted in a score of 33 to 0 in Bradford's favor.

—R. Seger & Son had a grand opening Tuesday night. The Mandolin and Guitar club furnished some fine music and a large crowd was in attendance all the evening.

—Miss Winnie Davis, better known as "The Daughter of the Confederacy," died at Narragansett Pier, R. I., last Sunday, from malarial gastritis. She was born at Richmond, Va., in 1863.

—At St. Luke's church on next Sunday evening the choir will sing Gounod's "Gallia." Miss June Reed, the noted violinist, will accompany the organ in a selection at the offertory.

—Be sure and take your dinner and supper in the basement of the court house Tuesday, October 4. The members of the W. C. T. U. will be "At Home" to receive you and wait on you.

—The Prohibition posters announcing Swallow's arrival in McKean county refer to him as "the Keystone Dewey." The Republican voters of the old Keystone wont Dewey thing but snow him under on November 8.

—C. E. Henry & Co., who have recently opened a cigar and tobacco store in the Nash building, have a new advertisement in this issue of the MINER. Their cigars and tobacco are fine and their Pittsburg stogies are "out of sight."

—L. Emery, Jr., & Co. have a change in their advertisement this week. Their stock is the most complete of any mercantile house in the county, and they have earned a wide reputation for saving money to their customers.

—Invitations have been issued for the marriage of Alice, eldest daughter of Dr. and Mrs. H. L. McCoy, to Mr. James Franklyn Olmstead of Binghamton, N. Y., which will occur at St. Luke's church on Wednesday, October 5.

—Last Thursday while Sheriff Davis was driving to Gardeau he saw a large rattler lying in the road. His horse was nervous, but he finally succeeded in killing the snake, but unfortunately smashed the rattles much to his regret.

—To show the veneration and love the Rough Riders have for Teddy Roosevelt the following quotation from a private letter from one of the troopers is given: "I love him so much that I would be willing to be crucified for him."

—In spite of the fact that the Democratic campaign was opened in Bradford last week McKean county remains on the map and citizens continue to take their rations, and will roll up a good-sized Republican majority on the 8th of November.

—The "Little Orderly" in his annual report of the Bucktails' visit to our beautiful town says: "The girls of Smethport know the road to one place—the bakery." He might have added the boys as well. They generally follow the girls' lead.

—List of letters remaining in the postoffice at Smethport for the week ending Sept. 17, 1898: Mrs. Hattie Berce (2), Edw. L. Fulkrod, W. P. Martin, H. Prothero, Mrs. Kate Phelan. Persons calling for these letters please say "advertised."

—In one of the string quartette numbers Miss June Reed bore the leading part, the gifted young lady whose finished solo playing has of late so captivated our most fastidious artists and exacting critics.—John S. Van Cleve in Cincinnati Inquirer.

—The violinist, Miss Reed, proved a real surprise, showing an excellent technique and an unusually beautiful and large tone. We do not hesitate to pronounce her one of the best lady violinists heard in New York for many years.—Nordlake Tidende.

—Ben Kessler was put in the cooler Saturday for indecent exposure. In the evening he was brought before Burgess Hogarth and fined ten dollars and costs. This is right and proper. Give a few more of these jays a lemon of this kind and it will have a telling effect for the better.

—Last Monday Mrs. A. E. Taylor, who for two years has suffered with paralysis, received another stroke. She is seventy years of age and it is doubtful if she can survive this shock. Her relatives and friends are constantly at her bedside doing all in their power to alleviate her suffering.

—'Squire Galutia, an aged resident of Barden Brook, near Eldred, died of heart failure on Thursday night of last week, aged 89 years. He settled on the farm on which he resided when stricken down about 25 years ago. A wife and a large family of sons and daughters mourn his departure.

—Tracey Smith, who formerly resided at Campbell, about a mile from Mt. Jewett, was arrested at Straights for non support and brought before 'Squire B. L. Knapp last Monday. He gave bonds to furnish $3.50 per week for the support of his children. The matter was settled without trial.

—Mrs. Ada Cable assumed charge of the Bradford Sunday Herald last week and the first issue under her able management shows her to be a woman of marked ability. Politically the Herald will be independent. The MINER welcomes her to the new field and hopes that success will crown her efforts.

—A patent medicine man was in town Wednesday night and Thursday morning whose rig attracted considerable attention. On his team sat a pair of monkeys dressed in red jackets. These little pets rode the horses like experienced cavalry men and were the recipients of candy, apples, peanuts and such delicacies.

—Gifford's mill shut down last Monday afternoon, having cut the entire stock in the stream. This mill for a great many years has furnished employment for a large number of hands. It is to be hoped that this shut-down is not final, but that more stock will be secured to keep it running for a long time in the future.

—The MINER extends an invitation to Chet King and other residents of Port Allegany to come over and visit us. Considering the fact that Port Allegany people are excluded from visiting the interior of the Appert glass plant located on the Davis farm, they undoubtedly have some curiosity to know how glass is manufactured.

—There are new freaks turning up every day. Bill Williams, of Georgia, has written a letter to Gov. Atkinson of that State and asks that he be ordered hanged. He says: "My life is no pleasure to me, and I would like for you to have me hanged and give my body to the doctors. I can't see anything but death, and the sooner the better."

—In the second number, "Legende," by Wieniawski, Miss June Reed made her debut as a violinist here. Her playing has a tenderness and pathos that speaks nowhere so clearly as in the violin and has also an admirable facility.—Los Angeles Times. At the Swedish church on Fulton street next Monday evening.

—The Mt. Jewett News issued a souvenir edition of twelve pages last week, finely illustrated with half-tone cuts of the prominent business men and noted industries in and near that busy town. Mr. Hubbard is to be congratulated on the enterprise he has displayed in presenting the advantages of Mt. Jewett and vicinity.

—The Genesee Conference of the M. E. church will convene in Rochester, N. Y., on October 12th. There are about 300 ministers in the conference. Bishop C. D. Foss, LL. D., will preside. There will not be many changes in the conference. A new Presiding Elder will be appointed by the Bishop for the Olean District.

—Prof. F. Cheney, violinist; Mr. Chas. Pickett, tenor; Miss Grace Hartwell, pianist, and Miss Agnes McCoy, soprano, will appear in the concert on next Monday evening. This concert will be an event to be remembered, having two such violin artists as Miss June Reed and Prof. Cheney, who are known throughout the country.

—Marriage licenses granted: Peter E. Peterson and Ida Nelson, Bradford; Michael A. Higgins and Elizabeth Irvin, Bradford; T. M. Ryan and Margaret Short, Mt. Alton; Eugene F. Jackson and Clara M. Rogers, Bradford; W. H. Smith, Williamsport, and Ella E. Barnesby, Port Allegany; Charles Wallace, Hutchins, and Sylvia M. Northrup, Bradford; Sam W. Bedell and Lena M. Bachmer, Bradford.

—Last Friday night as the B., B. & K. train was coming through the rock cut on the mountain this side of Ormsby, Henry Hallman felt his hat raise from his head and his hair stand on end by the sudden appearance of a large black bear at the side of the engine. The engine was coming down around the sharp curve while bruin was going up and for a moment his bearship was too much surprised to know which way to turn, but finally escaped up the bank, much to Mr. Hallman's satisfaction.

—Mr. John Forrest for several days has had workmen employed in building a walk for St. Luke's church. He sent to Bedford, Ind., and purchased flags sawed from the Indiana limestone three inches in thickness and four by five feet in size. The foundation is made of coal cinders. There will be 225 feet of walk, including the approaches to the church, and when completed will be one of the finest and most substantial walks to be found in this section. D. E. Hibbard of Bradford is building the walk.

—If you would know how truthful a man is just let him go fishing. If he tells you all about the fish he didn't catch, there is some chance of his telling the truth. If he tells you about the fish he caught, you must be governed by your own conclusions—fish lying, like small pox, is contagious.—Bradford Star. If you desire to hear a truthful fish story just come over and hear our own "Izaak Walton," Sheriff Davis, tell you how many fish he didn't catch. He will do it every time, and no one ever questions his assertions.

—The statement that General Hampton lost a leg in the war reminds us of a little story, says the Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser. In the days before the war there was a hotel on top of Stone Mountain, in Georgia, and the water for the use of the guests was raised by a force-pump from below. A Northern traveler who knew something of the use of hydraulic rams accosted the landlord with: "This is fine water, landlord; is it raised by a ram?" "Ram h—l!" snorted the landlord; "its a durned big mule!" And that's the way Wade Hampton lost a leg.

—There will be held quarterly meeting services in the M. E. church next Sunday, Sept. 25. The Love Feast to be held at 9:30 a. m. The Holy Eucharist will be administered at 10:30 a. m. The pastor will deliver a brief address. Church letters will be received at that time. In the evening at 7:30 Dr. Walker will preach a sermon on the following subject: "Law and Love; or King Solomon at his Best." Rev. Dr. E. H. Latimer, the Presiding Elder, will preside at the Quarterly Conference on Monday at 1:30 p. m.

—The MINER man in conversing with a large number of traveling salesmen within the last three weeks has learned that times are rapidly improving. Sales have largely increased and collections are much easier. In conversation last Wednesday with a salesman of many years' experience, he stated that the business outlook was very encouraging and much to his surprise last week he had collected four quite large bills that had been put off from time to time until his firm had virtually given up hopes of ever collecting any of them.

—Miss June Reed, the noted violinist, who is to play in a concert under the auspices of St. Luke's choir at the Swedish church on Fulton street next Monday evening, is the subject of a column illustrated article in the New York Herald of Sunday, Sept. 11. The sketch tells how Miss Reed has been devoting much time to the entertainment of children and sick persons in institutions in the city and making her art the handmaiden of philanthropy. Miss Reed is a firm believer in the curative power of music. Miss Reed possesses rare genius for her chosen instrument.

—The Bucktails who visit Kennett Square this year had better supply themselves with baby carriages, rattles, soothing syrup and all other articles usually found in a house presided over by a new baby. Listen to the following taken from the "Little Orderly's" minutes: "The assistant cook is promised help. An aide-de-camp has made his appearance in the person of John Harrison Gibon—a Bucktail with a yell that can knock the celebrated war cry of the 'Johnnies' into a cocked hat." Bucktails, you have been given fair warning. Do not go empty handed, but make ample provision to meet every emergency.

—A very pleasant surprise was given to Col. R. E. Morrison yesterday morning just before his departure. He was invited into the parlor of the Grand Central where he found quite a gathering of Smethport's citizens. When seated the president of the Board of Trade, F. W. Brownell, in a brief but earnest and feeling speech presented Col. Morrison with a beautiful gold-mounted ebony cane, on which was inscribed, "Col. R. E. Morrison, Presented by the citizens of Smethport," and the date Sept. 22, 1898, being the date of the opening of the glass works. The Col. was taken completely by surprise, but like the true soldier that he is he responded to the token in beautiful terms and said he never would forget the many acts of kindness that had been showered upon him while sojourning here, and that he would do all in his power to advance the interest of our town. Col. Morrison left for Indiana yesterday with the best wishes of all who possessed his acquaintance here. May his lines always fall in pleasant places.

—Chauncey Stuart has a badly swollen nose and Harry Kerstetter a wrenched shoulder as a result of Saturday's football practice. Half Back Dodge has a sore foot and Jones Lavens, it is decided, cannot give his time to football this season and will be out of the game. Guard Farrell will no doubt get into the game when the Mechanic street paving is finished.—Monday's Star. Now is the time for the Smethport team to take a fall out of the Bradford mud wallowers. While Coach Stuart is carrying his nose in a sling and several more of the players are disabled would be a most auspicious opportunity.

—Last Monday Chester Dibble and Frank Rumsey of North Fork, Potter county, were in town looking for a stolen horse which they found in the possession of William Swartz of Farmers Valley. The horse was stolen from Mr. Rumsey August 28. Three days later a man came to Mr. Swartz and exchanged horses, Mr. Swartz giving $12 to boot. The man who brought the horse is well known and will soon be in the hands of the sheriff. Mr. Leonard who languishes in castle Davis is identified with this gang of horse thieves. By the way, this same Leonard seems to be a much married man. No less than three women claim the right to call him husband.

—To show the schemes that the Klondike transportation companies work to draw the prospectors into that frozen region the following was told the MINER man last Friday and can be put down as reliable. A gentleman who had just returned from there stated that one poor man, who had not a cent to pay his passage, was taken on board the vessel and peeled potatoes and performed other scullery work while making the trip to in part pay his passage. When the steamer arrived in port the steamship company made out a list of the passengers, and how much gold dust each had brought back, and in the list appeared the name of this potato busker as having brought back $20,000 worth of dust. Keep away from Klondike.

—A week ago last Sunday morning two strangers in a buggy, driving a white horse, passed the farm of Casper Smith, near Farmers Valley. They deliberately got out of their buggy and walked into the pasture, tied a rope to one of Mr. Smith's cows and drove away. The cow was missed that night, but very little search was made as it was supposed that she had strayed from the pasture. It was not until Wednesday that Mr. Smith fully realized that his cow had been stolen when he learned that the above two men had been seen passing Farmers Valley on the Sunday before. No trace has been found of the missing animal. It is certainly time that an officer was employed to ferret out these horse and cattle thieves.

—The clergy attending the Convocation last week were greatly delighted with their visit to our town and many of them since their return home have written to repeat their great satisfaction and pleasure in attending the services at St. Luke's and their appreciation and enjoyment of the hospitality shown them, and in the reception arranged for them at Mrs. T. A. Morrison's, which in its way was a feature of the Convocation not often met with at meetings in other places. A large number of our people accepted the general invitation to the reception, given at St. Luke's the Sunday previous, and had the pleasure of meeting the bishop and clergy and other visitors. Elegant refreshments were served and a most delightful evening enjoyed by all who were present.

—Yesterday morning when the whistle at the new glass plant sounded at 7 o'clock those who were up and could possibly spare the time wended their way in the direction of the sound. The blowers, gatherers and snappers were all in their places, consisting of ten of each crew, besides other helpers. The large glass tubes were soon coming out of the furnace in great numbers. It seems almost incredible that these men can endure the intense heat, but they do and no grumbling is heard. The Messrs. Camp were right among their men working like beavers. The president of the company, George Camp, and Thomas Camp, the treasurer, were right at the heated furnaces turning out immense tubes of glass. This is most gratifying and speaks well for the success of the undertaking. There are no high-salaried officers and no drones in this busy hive, but every one a bread winner. There will be over one hundred men when the plant gets to running full force. The MINER wishes to congratulate the Board of Trade, the Messrs. Camp and our citizens who have worked so energetically for this industry.

—It is reported that a couple of young ladies in town were buncoed out of ten dollars on Monday of this week. Two gentlemanly-appearing fellows were about town looking for persons whom they could appoint as agents for some book. They approached one young lady with the offer of a liberal salary if she would take an agency for the book. A contract was signed and the lady was obliged to give $5 for incidental expenses. They wanted another agent or two, so the young lady suggested a friend who also paid in the necessary $5. The man who received the money left town immediately afterwards, and the other man remained a short time and then was also among the missing. Maybe the young ladies will get the positions which their contracts call for, but the chances appear against this consummation. At all events they are liable to have less confidence in mankind hereafter.—Westfield Free Press. The same game was worked here last Saturday and one young lady is out $5. The other young lady refused to bite and an officer was sent to the depot to intercept the swindler, but the fellow escaped. Other towns are warned to be on the lookout for these sharpers.

Notice to Patrons.

Mr. Dunn's time having been occupied in getting the new gas line ready for the glass plant, he has been unable to make his collections. We would kindly ask you to call at the store of W. D. Gallup, or send check this week and settle the same and get your discount.

Smethport Gas Company,
Sept. 22, 1898. W. D. Gallup, Sec'y.

For Sale.

A fine residence in Smethport, within 3 minutes' walk of the court house; gas, water and closets. The house is a two-story structure, large and commodious. Will be sold cheap and on reasonable terms. Inquire at this office.

More than twenty million free samples of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve have been distributed by the manufacturers. What better proof of their confidence in its merits do you want? It cures piles, burns, scalds, sores in the shortest space of time. A. B. Armstrong & Co.

Mrs. Lucas has started dressmaking for the fall season in the upstairs rooms of Mr. Sturdevant's house, corner King and Union streets.

R. Seger & Son wish to call particular attention to their fine line of ladies' collars and cuffs.

Do you travel? Go to Lemmler's and see his line of trunks, telescopes, suit cases and traveling bags.

Neckwear in all colors and shapes at R. Seger & Son's.

Subscribe for the MINER.

PERSONAL MENTION.

J. W. Bowen visited Warren Monday.

Mrs. W. R. [illegible] visited Olean [illegible] day.

Chas. Taylor of Buffalo is a guest of friends in town.

Miss Maude Davis visited Bradford friends Monday.

Allie Gillian transacted business in Bradford Tuesday.

Sheriff J. F. Davis transacted business in Kane Monday.

Deputy Sheriff W. B. Clarke was in Gallagher Monday.

Miss Harriet Redfield visited Bradford friends Tuesday.

T. H. Morrison returned to Williams College last Friday.

H. L. Burlingame transacted business in Mt. Jewett Tuesday.

Comrade Wright was taking in the sights of Olean last Friday.

Mrs. E. F. Walker of Eldred was visiting friends here recently.

T. F. Richmond was transacting business in Bradford Monday.

F. G. Lindholm returned from a business visit to Buffalo Friday.

Capt. E. R. Mayo attended court at Ridgway the first of the week.

Misses Holcomb and Ames and Mr. Shaw drove to Mt. Alton Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Grinard visited Batavia, N. Y., last Saturday.

Mrs. B. L. Knapp visited her son, Ross, at Coudersport last Saturday.

Orlo J. Hamlin returned Wednesday from a few days' visit at Geneva, N. Y.

County Commissioner Lemuel Davis spent Sunday with his family in Kane.

Mrs. D. C. Young and daughter, Miss Lola, visited Buffalo on Monday.

J. H. Tate of Clermont was a welcome visitor in town Wednesday night.

Miss Delia Holcomb is visiting her sister, Mrs. Claude Rice at Elkdale, N. Y.

Miss Lydia F. Burlingame is visiting friends in Bradford and Olean this week.

Mrs. E. F. Richmond returned Tuesday from an extended visit to New York city.

Mrs. James McGuier returned to Buffalo Wednesday where she is receiving medical treatment.

J. M. McElhoy visited Bradford Tuesday. He will soon be permanently located in the oil metropolis.

Mrs. E. L. Keenan returned home yesterday from an extended visit to Philadelphia and the seashore.

The genial Paul Johnston of Harrisburg was a most welcome caller at the MINER office Wednesday.

Mrs. Carrie Reilly returned from Buffalo last Friday where she had been to replenish her stock of millinery.

Rev. Ira Taylor Walker, D. D., pastor of the First Methodist Episcopal church, visited Cuba, N. Y., this week.

Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Hungiville returned from Bradford Wednesday morning where they had been visiting friends.

M. O. Campbell of Kane, ex-county superintendent of schools, was greeting his many old friends in town Wednesday.

F. N. Taylor of Youngstown, N. Y., arrived in town early Wednesday morning, called here by the illness of his mother.

Scott Walker of New Castle, bookkeeper at the Camp Glass Works, was a most agreeable caller at the MINER office Wednesday.

W. W. Tadder of Bradford, the "Sherlock Holmes" of McKean county, was a guest at the Grand Central Wednesday night.

C. R. Davis, a prominent and influential business man of Mt. Jewett, was a most agreeable caller at the MINER office Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Andrews of Granere were brief sojourners in town yesterday while on their return from a bicycle trip to Gardeau.

Mrs. Carrie G. Smith of Bradford is taking the evidence in the hearing before J. W. Boston, in the assignment of Carter & Co to A. G. Phillips, assignee.

The genial George M. Stover of Pittsburg was a guest at the Wright House Monday night. George is always bubbling over with something new in the story line.

John Hungerford went to Olean Monday to meet Mrs. Hungerford and little Don, the autocrat of the household, who were returning from a five weeks' visit in New York State.

Geo. W. Mitchell departed for New Baltimore, Ohio, last Saturday, where he is interested in some oil possessions. Mrs. Mitchell accompanied him as far as Jamestown.

Misses Minnie Perfold of Pavilion, N. Y., and Mary Littleton of Newbergh, N. Y., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Bacon who drove to the Kinzua bridge last Sunday to meet them.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. A. McKean departed yesterday for Detroit, Mich., where they will visit friends. From there they will cross the border and enter the queen's domains for an extended visit.

Miss Pearl E. Bush has been visiting her parents at Turtle Point and also friends at Smethport. She intends returning to Pittsburg this week where she has resided for the past two years.

J. W. Baker of Bradford spent Sunday in town, the guest of his brother, F. S. Baker. On Monday they drove to Port Allegany where John put up the press for Battle's new paper, the Port Allegany Post.

W. P. Walsh, ex postmaster at Smethport, was a business visitor in town yesterday. He like all others who have not been here in recent years expresses much surprise at the evidence of thrift and prosperity which are manifested on all sides.—Kane Republican.

Roy Gifford departed last Friday for Cleveland where he will resume his studies in Case School of Applied Science. This being his last year the MINER is assured of one fact, that he will graduate with high honors, as he is possessed of great determination and perseverance and is bound to succeed.

Editor W. L. Lillibridge of Port Allegany was an early visitor in town Wednesday. The query in the minds of many Democrats in McKean county is which predominated on Thursday of last week, his political affiliations or his sporting inclinations. Some allege that he attended the firing of the first Democratic gun at Bradford that day and others contend that he attended the ball game at Sinnville. The gentleman is non-committal. All he will say is that he understood there was a large crowd at Bradford and it would be difficult to find anyone. The consensus of opinion is that he attended the ball game.

Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Stone and daughters, Misses Rose and Anna, of Rochester, N. Y., arrived last Sunday and have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Armstrong until yesterday. Mr. Stone was a former resident of Smethport fifty years ago when he was united in marriage to a half-sister of Mrs. Armstrong. Mr. Stone when a young man used to work in a saw mill, but for fifty years had not seen one and last Monday was considerably surprised when in company with Mr. Armstrong he visited the mill of Messrs. Gifford and was shown the remarkable changes that had taken place in the manufacture of lumber in a half century.

You invite disappointment when you experiment. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are pleasant, easy, thorough, little pills. They cure constipation and sick headache just as sure as you take them. A. B. Armstrong & Co.

Ballard's Snow Liniment

Is equally as effective for animals as for the human flesh. As a liniment it has no equal in the world. Every bottle guaranteed. It never fails to cure neuralgia. Sold by Chadwick's Drug Store.

Truth wears well. People have learned that DeWitt's Little Early Risers are reliable little pills for regulating the bowels, curing constipation and sick headache. They don't gripe. A. B Armstrong & Co.

To buy a trunk, valise, telescope or suit case go where the largest variety is kept. That place is Lemmler's.

Messrs. E. C. Henry & Co. are headquarters for the sale of Pittsburg stogies. Give them a trial.

The finest of room moulding 50 varieties to select from. Call on L. Koenig Water street.

Small children's suits in pretty patterns, with waist coats, at R. Seger & Son's.

People troubled with corns and bunions will find relief by calling on Alfred Stanley.

Examine well those silk-lined box coats at R. Seger & Son's.

The MINER and Tribune $1.50.

W. C. T. U. COLUMN.

[illegible]
(Continued.)

National Departments of Work—Their Aims and Methods.

Note 2. Each superintendent of a National Department should steadily labor through State and Territorial offices to secure in each State and Territory a superintendent with whom she may be in constant correspondence and co-operation for the objects herein set forth. No Department, however, is obligatory upon any State or local union.

Department of Organization—Mrs. Katharine Lent Stevenson, superintendent, The Temple, Chicago.

Young Woman's Branch.

General Secretary—Mrs. Ella A. Boole, A. M., W. New Brighton, Staten Island, N. Y.

This department aims to enlist and establish young women and young men in temperance principles by the organization of Young Woman's Christian Temperance Unions and Y Branches, or by inviting them to join the W. C. T. U. Its object is to forward the cause of total abstinence by an organized movement among young people, who are in a measure the social leaders, to establish an equal standard of purity for young women and young men, and to thoroughly arouse the young people of this country, that they may become trained workers in the W. C. T. U., and in the temperance cause generally. In order to accomplish this it is recommended that a Y. secretary be appointed in every State, district, county and local Union, who shall organize Young Women's Unions wherever possible; but in the event only a few names are secured, organize them into a Y. branch. The Y. branch meets with the W. C. T. U., and becomes responsible for at least fifteen minutes of each meeting. Other plans may be secured by writing to the general secretary.

Loyal Temperance Legion Branch.

General Secretary—Mrs. Helen G. Rice, 1597 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

This Department aims, by a regular course of study, scientific, ethical and governmental, to make our boys and girls intelligent total abstainers; to develop by thorough organization, business methods and practical helpfulness, an army of disciplined temperance workers and enthusiastic temperance givers; to identify its members through their payment of dues and consequent representation in national and State conventions, and through their drill in department work, with the interests of the W. C. T. U., present and future.

Work Among Foreign Speaking People. Superintendent, Mrs. Sophia F. Grubb, Chanute, Kansas.

This department aims to interest all those to whom English is not the native tongue, in gospel temperance methods and measures and to influence them through the work of the W. C. T. U. to introduce and circulate temperance literature; to have addresses given in their language and, if possible, to establish newspapers; to make the vote of foreigners a temperance vote through conviction of right principle and by personal appeal and combined action. Send to National Superintendent for leaflets in German and all other languages.

Work Among Colored People. Superintendent, Mrs. Lucy Thurman, Jackson, Mich.

This department is for the pursuance among colored people of all branches of work enumerated.

II. Preventive—Health and Heredity.

Superintendent, Louise C. Purington, M. D., 22 Allston St., Dorchester, Mass.

The aim of this department is the development of the highest life, physical, mental and spiritual; instruction in the laws of health in relation to dress, food, air, exercise, cleanliness, sanitation, ventilation, mental and moral hygiene. It teaches the law of heredity and the right of every child to be born well. It is eminently a depart for study. It fundamental.

Non-Alcoholic Medication. Superintendent, Mrs. M. M. Allen, Newark, N. Y.

This department presents to the W.C.T.U. and through it to people in general, the teachings of eminent physicians who discard alcohol as medicine. It is vital to the success of the temperance cause, as total abstinence and prohibition principles can never triumph while alcohol continues to be a popular remedy. Its plans are the study of department literature by every W. C. T. U. and free distribution of the same; lectures showing superiority of the non-use of alcohol in sickness; distribution of pamphlets by well known and successful men, alcoholic physicians, among teachers, pastors, editors, doctors, medical students and other leaders of thought.

Condolence for Mrs. Rebecca Kerns.

Whereas, Through the death of Ervin Morton Kerns—Co. C, 16th Reg't, Penn'a Volunteers—overwhelming sorrow has come to the heart and home of his mother, Mrs. Rebecca Kerns—a member of the local Woman's Christian Temperance Union, and

Whereas, Even during his brief service in the army Mr. Kerns had won from his captain the noble title of "a good soldier," thus evincing qualities that would have secured for him honorable distinction, the members of the Union are greatly moved at the deep affliction of the bereaved mother, and while they can but share with her a just pride in the success to which her son had attained, they recognize the truth that praises and plaudits cannot heal smitten hearts, therefore, they extend to Mrs. Kerns and to the family their deepest sympathy, and they pray that in this gloom there may come to all light and comfort from our Father who is in heaven.

AMELIA G. CHURCH,
KATE B GALLUP,
SARAH A. SCULL.

An Enterprising Druggist.

There are few men more wide awake and enterprising than A. B. Armstrong & Co., who spare no pains to secure the best of everything in their line for their many customers. They now have the valuable agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds. This is the wonderful remedy that is producing such a furor all over the country by its many startling cures. It absolutely cures asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness and all affections of the throat, chest and lungs. Call at above drug store and get a trial bottle free or a regular size for 50 cents and $1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded. A. B Armstrong & Co.

Knight Templars at Pittsburg.

On Sept. 8th to 13th the W. N. Y. & P. R'y will sell tickets to Pittsburg, Pa., and return at rate of one fare. Tickets good for return to October 17th, except on deposit of tickets with Joint Agent at Pittsburg, not earlier than October 13 nor later than October 17, and on payment of 50 cents return limit of tickets can be extended to leave Pittsburg to and including October 31. Call on agents for particulars.

Two Millions a Year.

When people buy, try and buy again, it means they're satisfied. The people of the United States are now buying Cascarets Candy Cathartic at the rate of two million boxes a year and it will be three million before New Year's. It means merit proved, that Cascarets are the most delightful bowel regulator for everybody the year round. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c a box, cure guaranteed.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C.C.C. fail, druggists refund money.

WANTED—Active agents to sell Tea, Coffee, Spices and Baking Powder to families. Liberal commission allowed. Apply to Grand Union Tea Co., 33 W. Long Ave., DuBois, Pa.

FARM WANTED—state cash and time price. Anson H. Russell, Akron, O.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES. OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Peaches, Grapes, Vegetables,

Canned Goods,
Fresh Candy,
Fresh Bread
AT
Brasted's

A CRITICAL TIME

DURING THE BATTLE OF SANTIAGO.

Sick or Well, a Rush Night and Day.

THE PACKERS AT THE BATTLE OF SANTIAGO DE CUBA WERE ALL HEROES—THEIR HEROIC EFFORTS IN GETTING AMMUNITION AND RATIONS TO THE FRONT SAVED THE DAY.

P. E. Butler of pack-train No. 3, writing from Santiago de Cuba, on July 23d, says: "We all had diarrhoea in more or less violent form, and when we landed we had no time to see a doctor, for it was a case of rush and rush night and day to keep the troops supplied with ammunition and rations, but thanks to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy we are able to keep at work and keep our health; in fact, I sincerely believe that at one critical time this medicine was the indirect saviour of our army, for if the packers had been unable to work there would have been no way of getting supplies to the front. There were no roads that a wagon train could use. My comrade and myself had the good fortune to lay in a supply of this medicine for our pack-train before we left Tampa, and I know in four cases it absolutely saved life."

The above letter was written to the manufacturers of this medicine, the Chamberlain Medicine Co., Des Moines, Iowa. For sale by A. B. Armstrong & Co.

E. C. Henry & Co.

HAVING RECENTLY OPENED UP IN THE

NASH BUILDING

WITH A FULL LINE OF

Fine Cigars, Tobaccos
and Confectionery

YOU ARE INVITED TO CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK, ESPECIALLY IF YOU ARE A LOVER OF A GOOD SMOKE.

WE ARE ALSO AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

DuBois Heating Stove.

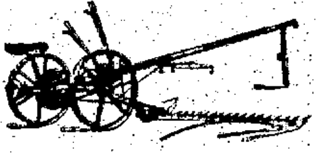
CALL AND EXAMINE IT.

Pittsburg Papers

ARE SOLD HERE.

E. C. HENRY & CO.,
Smethport, Pa.

Buckeye Ageny.



The world famed Buckeye Mowers, Banner Binders, Elevator Binders, Drop Reapers, Hay Rakes and Tedders are on hand and for sale at bottom prices.

To have the Buckeye is to have the very best that has been made by human hands. Up-to-date in every respect. If in want of any farm machinery see me sure.

A. T. PALMER.
Agent for McKean county.

FOR 1898

I have received a large invoice of

Wall Paper,

all of the latest designs. Call at the

Furniture Store of Specht & Sasse

and examine my stock.

Experienced paper hangers furnished when desired, and all work gurranted.

C. SASSE,
Smethport, Pa.

For a
FINE, HOT OYSTER STEW
Step into the
Novelty Restaurant.
New York Counts,
Clams, Cigars and
Fine Confectioneries
Always on Hand.
THOMAS YOUNG, PROP'R.

REMOVED TO
The CALLAR BLOCK
JOHN MILLER,
THE FASHIONABLE TAILOR
CUTS OF LATEST STYLES
Free for the Inspection of Customers.
Neatest of Fits Guaranteed.
GIVE ME A TRIAL.

"THAT CHEAP LOOK"

IS NOT A CHARACTERISTIC OF OUR FURNITURE.

While it sells at the lowest level, it carries an air of respectability, comfort and grace that is to be found nowhere else except at a great advance in price. Remember, when about to purchase Furniture, that no matter how high the price or what the actual value, if characterized with "That Cheap Look" it must detract from the appearance of your home and that money thus expended is worse than thrown away. Our forte is to assist you in avoiding this calamity.

SLOAN & ERVIN,
16 Main Street, BRADFORD, PA.

SEASON'S OPENING.

We make our Fall Announcement with feelings of deep gratitude to our friends for their liberal patronage during the past season. We open the Fall Season with the

Choicest Stock of Headgear ever Brought into Smethport.

We shall continue to furnish our customers with the best results of the tailoring art, while our HATS AND FURNISHINGS are the product of the best makers.

We now extend to you, readers, a hearty invitation and a warm welcome to our store. Our invitation is

COME IN AND LOOK

Our clothing and prices will talk for themselves. When you want a

A Fall Suit, an Overcoat, a Pair of Trousers, a Hat, a Shirt, a Pair of Shoes.

or anything to wear, and want the latest things out at the lowest prices, don't fail to remember

Yours Very Truly,
H. W. Rubin & Co.

INSECTICIDES

WE SELL ALL KINDS.

Benzine is coming into favor rapidly for destroying Carpet Bugs, Buffalo Moths, &c. We sell it in any quantity from a pint to five gallons, at lowest prices, at

McCOYS' DRUG STORE,
I. O. O. F. Block. Smethport, Pa.

FIRST DISPLAY OF FALL CLOTHING FOR MEN AND BOYS.

Proper Styles in Male Attire.
The Newest and Best Only.
Fall Styles in Hats.
Fall Styles in Neckwear.

124 Main St. GREENEWALD'S Bradford, Penn'a.

LEADING MODERN CLOTHIERS.

at the racket

FLOWERPOTS—
—4-inch with saucer 4c
—5 " " " 6c
—6 " " " 9c
—7 " " " 12c
—8 " " " 14c
—Jardineres, form 14c to $1.40

We have 2 stone umbrella stands that are hand decorated & made to sell at $4.00. We cut the price to $2.00 & $2.25. Now we will slash once more to $1.00. Cuspidores—earthen, 10c; china, gold decorated, 35 to 48c. Another B-A-R-L glass tumblers, 2c each.

Let us call your attention 2 double cotton work shirt, xtra heavy. This we will sel U at 48c. Same as single thickness in undershirts & drawers. They run from 25c each to $1.00. Cum & C 'em & U wil B convinc'd that we do undersell. Remember we R now selling the heavy al vool Coudersport pants at $1.15—that what sold at $16 doz; also overalls at 38c.

Don't make a daub by trying 2 mix your own paints but get the best at $1.20 gal. These are the warranted Onyx Paints. Potato diggers, 25 to 40c each; also garden hoes, shovels, forx 3 & 6 tine, sox, clox, trunx, lox, tax, handles for pix & ax. Best 6 feet champion saw $1.80; 8-inch file, flat, 8c; 16-inch rasp, best, 45c; brooms, 30c grade for 24c, 35c grade, 28c.

Scoulier's Best Flour, $1.15. Try it & save $ $. Next week wil U floor oil cloth at 25c sq yd.

old man stickles
sprague block

ON A COUNTRY ROAD.

Madeline Murwell found a wonderful exhilaration in a swift dash through the darkness and the perfume of the [illegible]. She drew rein as a horseman approached her.

"I was on my way to see you," [illegible] said.

The shadows fell before them as they rode. Suddenly her horse shied.

"Why will you ride that brute?" he asked, anxiously. "I am positive he is dangerous."

"He is," she answered, lightly, "but I can manage him. Once he threw me. I was riding carelessly when a rabbit leaped across the road, and Charles jumped from under me."

She laughed at the thought.

"I wish your father would not allow you to ride him," he insisted.

"He would not after that for several weeks. My cousin took charge of him, and subdued him, at least, [illegible] thought so."

"He is named for your cousin?"

"Yes."

"And you are very fond of him?"

"Of my horse? I don't believe I could live without him."

"And your cousin?"

Her eyes widened, then she laughed, a softly amused laugh, and the color mounted to her cheeks.

"I hope that your speculations about my horse and my cousin have served to amuse you an idle half-hour or so."

"Forgive me," he said, beseechingly. "It will break my heart if you are angry."

"Hearts are not so easily broken," she answered.

"Are?" he questioned, bitterly. He leaned forward suddenly, with his hand still on her horse's rein. "Madeline, I am going away. I came to tell you good-by. We won't part in anger."

"Where?" she asked.

"West," he answered, drearily.

"But why?" Then, as she saw the look of pain on his face. "Forgive me," she said gently.

A sudden rebellion against fate broke loose within him.

"I am going away forever—forever!" he declared, bitterly. "I am leaving my heart with you. It is nothing since you don't care for it, but it is all I have to give. I have held myself in so long; I have guarded every word; I have eaten my heart out by slow degrees. It is a sort of justice that I should find you hard to me, for I have been hard, unrelenting, cruel and unresponsive where there was the strongest claim upon me."

"I do not believe it," she said quickly.

He looked at her gratefully.

"Madeline, oh, Madeline, it is so hard"—his face was full of despair—"let me tell you about it, then you can judge."

"You need tell me nothing," she answered, impulsively.

Again he gave her a grateful look. He threw himself from the saddle and stood beside her.

"You know that life has given us many of its sweets, that we have always been considered the most fortunate people here. Our social position, our wealth has been a byword. It is hard to realize poverty when one has just dined in the old way. Hard to realize that one is a pauper with the glitter of cut glass and silver on all sides."

He looked straight into the girl's startled eyes.

"My father came to me a few hours ago and told me that to-morrow our name—our name," with a gesture of despair, "would be dragged through the mire. He has seen this danger for some time. He has staked everything—our home, my mother's jewels—there will be nothing left.

"[illegible] which is still to come. [illegible] Innocent people suffer. [illegible] talk of it," he said, wearily. "As I told you, I was hard and bitter. I said things I will regret all my life. [illegible] white, weary face haunts me. I had money of which the family knew nothing. I have worked seven years, since I was 21, and I have saved it all. I had no need for it. My father has [illegible] always. May I tell you why I saved it? We are a proud race. Once the fancy came to me that my wife, the woman whom I hoped to make my wife, would be proud and glad to know that I offered her a home, [illegible] not with my father's money, but by my own efforts. Perhaps it was a foolish fancy, but it grew and strengthened as time went on.

"[illegible] through the dark hours of [illegible] nights I have planned this [illegible]. Well, the dream is over. I [illegible] our good name. To-morrow I go West. In a short while my mother and father will follow me.

[illegible] he took one of the girl's [illegible] her face was turned [illegible] only see the downward sweep of her eyelashes and the delicate curve of her cheeks, "will you bid me Godspeed?"

She sat motionless and silent.

"Good-by, dear," he said, raising her hand to his lips, "as Charles' wife I [illegible] will be very happy."

[illegible] at that. There were hot tears in her eyes—tears that did not fall, but there they were, and he had seen them.

"As Charles' wife I would be the most miserable woman on earth," she [illegible] at his look of [illegible]. "We are a proud race," [illegible] said, demurely. "None of [illegible] ever—would ever——"

"[illegible]" he asked, and all his heart [illegible] to his eyes.

"[illegible] ancestors—the [illegible] haunt me all my [illegible]——"

"[illegible] oh, Madeline, if what?"

"[illegible] to take me with you."

[illegible]

[illegible] Zoological Garden.

The [illegible] Society of New York [illegible] of establishment what will probably be the finest zoological garden in the world in Bronx Park, New York. The [illegible] expected to open the garden to the public in a satisfactory way on May 1. While the work is progressing with [illegible], the old and well approved [illegible] Stomach Bitters [illegible] the beneficent agency of [illegible]. This excellent family medicine is a safeguard against malaria and [illegible], and removes indigestion and [illegible]. It invigorates the system [illegible] impaired digestion, fortifies it [illegible], and counteracts the effects of [illegible], mental or physical.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This [illegible] in relieving [illegible], kidneys, back and every [illegible] of water [illegible] quick relief and cure [illegible] this remedy. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Druggist, Smethport, Pa.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.

"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Druggist.

[illegible] ask for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve [illegible] for piles [illegible] A. B. Armstrong & Co.

[illegible]

LOVING RELATIVES.

Miss Dubarle was five and forty years of age on the 19th of March, 18—, well, no matter what year. And she was stout and short, with ankles like pump handles and no visible waist.

But we have not mentioned the most important fact of all. Miss Dubarle had $40,000 of her own.

It was a bleak October afternoon. Miss Dubarle and her second cousin and companion, Janet Heath, sat together, working crochet roses for a counterpane.

"Janet," said Miss Dubarle, politely, "you're a fool!"

Janet looked up, with a flush of color on her pale, pretty cheek.

"Be a sensible girl," added the elder female. "Give him up, and I'll buy you a blue silk dress and a black lace shawl!"

"But I love him, Miss Dubarle."

"Very well," she said, "very well, Janet Heath. Pack your trunk as soon as you please. I can dispense with your services at once. And pack mine first, if you please, Janet Heath."

"You are not going away, Miss Dubarle?" queried poor Janet, in consternation.

"I'm going to visit my relatives."

And Miss Dubarle, who allowed no suns to go down on her wrath, took the first train for New York, and slept that night in the fifth story of a marble-fronted hotel.

"I didn't think I should miss that child Janet so much," she said, rather dolefully, to herself, the next morning, as she tried to comb out her tangled "backhair," and nearly strangled herself trying to button up her own boots —"but I don't care! I won't give up to her lovesick whims; and I will go to see Maria Brooks and Herbert Smythe. Maria's little girl wrote me a beautiful letter last month, and all out of her own head, her mother said. Let me see—Eudocia her name was. Perhaps I'll adopt Eudocia."

The servant showed Miss Dubarle into a reception room, furnished after the style of Louis Quinze. His mistress was out, but would return presently, he explained.

"I'll wait," said Miss Dubarle.

A wizened little girl, with her hair braided in long Chinese plaits, and red, chill-looking elbows, was tinkling away at the piano. She looked round as the guest entered.

"You are Eudocia, I suppose?" said Miss Dubarle, affably.

"Yes," said the child, "I'm Eudocia. And who are you?"

"I am Miss Dubarle," said the heiress, graciously. "You have heard your mamma tell about Miss Dubarle, haven't you?"

"O, yes," said Eudocia, her small, fishy eyes lighting up. "You're the old maid that mamma says is so out—out—"

"Out of health?"

"No; some very big word."

"Outrageous?" suggested Miss Dubarle, somewhat discomfited.

"No—not that—that—outlandish. And you're going to die and leave me all your money and then we're to travel in Europe! But papa says he don't see but what you're going to hold on forever. What is it you are holding on to, Miss Dubarle?"

"Hum!" said Miss Dubarle.

Twenty-seven Bachelor sq was a tall brownstone building, full of studios, offices and sets of chambers, and Miss Dubarle was well-nigh out of breath before she reached a door at the very top, on which a card, neatly tacked, bore the inscription, "Herbert Smythe, Artist."

She beat a brisk tattoo on the panels with the handle of her sun umbrella, and a voice answered:

"Come in."

But to her amazement, the occupant of the apartment, instead of a young artist in a black velvet painting robe, was a grim female, sitting very upright on a gothic chair, with tattered gloves and a bonnet bent on the side.

"Is Mr. Smythe in?" asked Miss Dubarle.

"No," answered the stony female, "he ain't. But if you're wise you'll sit down, like me, and wait until he does come in. I s'pose you've come after your bill?"

"Have you?" asked Miss Dubarle.

"Yes—for the seventh time. He owes everybody—Smythe does. I'm his laundress, but you can ask the landlord and the wine merchant, and the tailor and the hatter, and——"

"Then," curtly observed Miss Dubarle, "I should think you were all great fools for trusting him."

"So we be," said the woman, grimly, "and I ain't denyin' of that, but you see he's kept us on the string all along with stories of his rich cousin, Miss Dubarle, as has made her will in his favor, and is goin' to leave him no end of money."

"O!" said Miss Dubarle.

"He says," added the unconscious traitress, "that she's as old as Methusaleh, and can't live but a few days, anyhow; but I, for one, don't believe a word of it. But you ain't agoin', be you?"

"Don't be alarmed," said Miss Dubarle, stroking the soft, brown hair with a kindly, reassuring touch. "I've come back to you, Janet Heath; for I believe, in spite of everything, you are the truest friend I've got, and that you love me after all!"

"And so," said Miss Dubarle, "you can marry that Harry Dart of yours, and he can come here to live, and we'll all be a happy family together.

So Miss Dubarle settled back into the old groove again, and when the letters from New York came she sent them back unopened. And when Mr. Herbert Smythe and the Secor Brooks family arrived in propria personae she obstinately refused to see them.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. B. Armstrong & Co.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavins curbs, splints, sweeney, ring-bone, stifles, sprains, all swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful blemish cure ever known. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Druggist, Smethport, Pa.

DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve has the largest sale of any salve in the world. This fact and its merits has led dishonest people to attempt to counterfeit it. Look out for the man who attempts to deceive you when you call for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, the great pile cure. A. B. Armstrong & Co.

A Sure Thing for You.

A transaction in which you cannot lose is a sure thing. Biliousness, sick headache, furred tongue, fever, piles and a thousand other ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the wonderful new liver stimulant and intestinal tonic are by all druggists guaranteed to cure or money refunded. C. C. C. are a sure thing. Try a box to-day; 10c, 25c, 50c. Sample and booklet free. All druggists.

T. F. Anthony, Ex-Postmaster of Promise City, Iowa, says: "I bought one bottle of Mystic Cure for Rheumatism, and two doses of it did me more good than any medicine I ever took." Sold by A. B. Armstrong, Druggist, Smethport.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic [illegible]

AROUND THE WORLD

CAPTAIN SLOCUM IN A THIRTY FOOT BOAT DOES THE FEAT.

Starting From Boston in April, 1895 He Returns in July the Following Year—Had Sailed in Ships a Quarter of a Century, in All Probably 46,000 Miles.

Flying the Stars and Stripes, the Spray, Captain Joshua Slocum's thirty-foot lugger rigged craft, arrived in Newport Harbor early one July morning, 1898, after a trip around the world. She was seventeen days from Antigua, West Indies, and intended to make New York as the first home port, but off Fire Island she encountered a thunder storm which forced her into Newport.

Captain Slocum, alone in his boat, left Boston on April 24, 1895, and since he has sailed the world over. The Spray is a twelve-ton boat, thirty feet long. To secure seagoing qualities she has considerable breadth of beam. Captain Slocum says his trip has no equal in history.

On sailing from Boston the Spray touched at Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, then Horta and Fayal, reaching Gibraltar in twenty-nine days from Cape Sable. The Atlantic was then recrossed to Brazil, thence to the Pacific, touching the principal ports on the way. Crossing the Pacific, Captain Slocum went to Juan Fernandez, where he visited the cave of Robinson Crusoe, Samoa, Melbourne, New South Wales, Tasmania and thence through the Torres Straits to the East Indies was then his course, thence to Rodrigues, Martinique, and Natal and Cape Town, South Africa.

Christmas off the Cape of Good Hope was passed in a blow that nearly tore the Spray to pieces. Captain Slocum was entertained by the Cape Town Railroad Company. In Pretoria, while the guest of President Kruger, Captain Slocum learned of the blowing up of the Maine.

The Spray left Cape Town March 26 last, going to St. Helena and Ascension. He reached Grenada on June 2 last. Off the coast of Brazil, near the mouth of the Amazon, Captain Slocum sighted the Oregon going north with a rush.

Captain Slocum undertook the trip through love of adventure. He is fifty-five years old and returned in perfect health. His method was to run at night and sleep during the day, that the Spray might be seen and avoided. He never met an accident.

Captain Slocum hailed from Gloucester, Mass., and has sailed out of Boston and New York for a quarter of a century. He estimates that he has navigated 46,000 miles of seas. In the rocker keeled boat, the Liberdale, with his wife and two sons, Captain Slocum a few years ago rounded the Horn.

Death's Betrothal.

A few years ago a New York newspaper conducted an open discussion upon the topic: "Is Marriage a Failure?" The answer is easy and upon the surface. Where there is mutual love and respect; if there is also health, marriage is a success. When health is left out, even the most ardent love does not count, and marriage is invariably a failure.

Modern science has cried the warning so often that all should realize the dangers of wedlock to people in ill-health. In a case of this kind death lurks on every side —in the kiss of betrothal and the caress of the honeymoon. The man who is suffering from ill-health is a physical bankrupt, and has no right to condemn a woman to be his nurse for life and the mother of babes that inherit his physical weakness. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery acts directly on the digestive organism. It makes it strong and its action perfect. When a man's digestion is all right his blood will be pure; when his blood is pure his nervous system will be strong and his health vigorous.

A woman who suffers from weakness and disease of the delicate organism of her sex is certain to suffer from general ill-health, and to be an unhappy, helpless invalid and a disappointment as a wife. Her children will be weak, puny and peevish. A happy home is an impossibility for her until her health is restored. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures all troubles of the distinctly feminine organism. It cures them speedily, completely and permanently. It fits for wifehood and motherhood. Both medicines are sold by all good dealers.

MANSFIELD NORMAL SCHOOL.

Six courses of study. Practical training school for teachers. A large Model School. Three able and experienced critic teachers. A large class in Kindergarten work. Strong corps teachers in all departments. New Laboratory. New Dept. this year of Agriculture and Nature Study; special attention given to Field Work. The best advantages for preparation for college. Certificates from this school admit to the best colleges. Particular attention is called to Departments of Elocution, Art and Music. Beautiful Grounds. Magnificent Buildings, Electric Lights, Elevator. Hospital with attendant nurse. Swedish Gymnastics taught. Fine Gymnasium. Large Athletic Grounds. Fall Term opens August 29; Winter Term November 28; Spring Term March 20; Special Term for teachers May 1. For catalogue giving full information of Courses of Study, Expenses, Etc., address,

S. H. ALBRO, Ph. D., Principal,
15-20-1y Mansfield, Pa.

UNDERTAKING

— AND —

EMBALMING

IN ALL BRANCHES PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO BY AN EXPERIENCED FUNERAL DIRECTOR.

SPECHT & SASSE,

SMETHPORT, PA.

TIME TABLE WESTERN NEW YORK [illegible] PENNSYLVANIA

In effect April 18, 1898.

Trains leave Smethport for Larrabee, [illegible] Eldred, Olean, Bradford, Rochester and Buffalo as follows:

Buffalo Express, daily except Sunday 9:26 a. m.
*Buffalo Mail, daily except Sunday, 3:45 p. m.
Local for Olean, daily except Sunday, 12:15 p.m.

*Train leaving Smethport 3:45 p. m. connects at Olean with River Division for Allegany, Salamanca, Oil City and Pittsburg.

For Clermont, and points south:
*Clermont Local, daily ex Sunday 9:20 a. m.
Clermont Acc'om daily ex Sunday 12:15 p. m.
Clermont Acc'om daily ex Sunday 7:10 p. m.
*Clermont Local connects through to Johnsonburg.

For Larrabee, Port Allegany, Coudersport and points south:
Mail, daily ex Sunday 11:00 a. m.
Mail, daily ex Sunday connects at Emporium for Philadelphia 6:20 p. m.

Get Time Tables giving full information from A. E. Wonser, Ticket Agent,
[illegible] Bell, General Supt.
J. A. FELLOWS, Gen. Pass. & T'kt. Agt.
General offices Mooney-Brisbane Bldg., Cor. Main and Clinton st., Buffalo N. Y.

Bradford, Bordell and Kinzua Ry.

Time Table taking Effect June 5th, 1898.

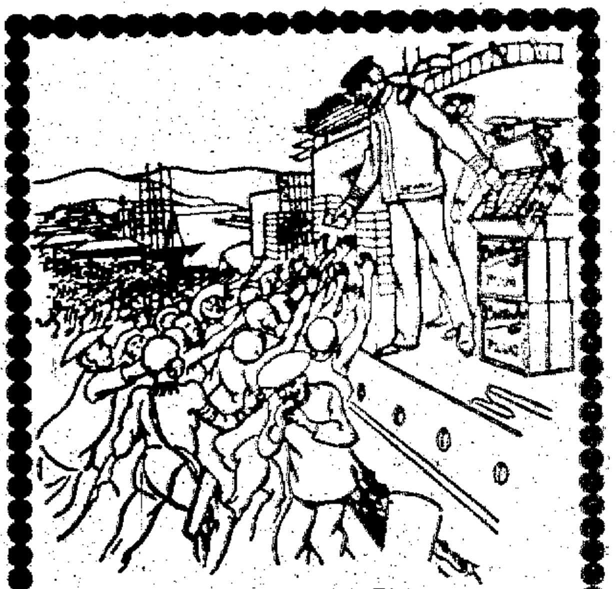
LEAVE SMETHPORT.

9:[illegible] A. M.—Mail and Express, daily except Sunday, for Ormsby Junction, Simpson, Bradford, Mt. Jewett and Kane connecting with P. & W. Ry. for Foxburg, Butler and Pittsburg.

10:[illegible] A. M.—Daily except Sunday for Ormsby Junction, Simpson, Bradford, Mt. Jewett and Kane.

3:45 P. M.—Mail and Express, daily except Sunday, for Ormsby Junction, Simpson, Bradford, Mt. Jewett and Kane connecting at Kane with P. & E. trains for Warren, Johnsonburg, [illegible]

[illegible]



Dewey Americanizing the Philippines.

Wherever Battle Ax goes it pacifies and satisfies everybody—and there are more men chewing

Battle Ax PLUG

to-day than any other chewing tobacco ever made.

The popularity of Battle Ax is both national and international. You find it in Europe:—you find it in Maine:—you find it in India, and you'll find it in Spain (very soon).

Our soldiers and sailors have already taken it to Cuba and the Philippines! Are you chewing it?

Remember the name when you buy again.

STOP! READ! and REFLECT!

And then go to

BROWNELL BROTHERS,

Where you will find a carefully and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,
FURNISHING GOODS,
HATS, CAPS. BOOTS and SHOES.

AND A CHOICE LINE OF THE

FINEST GROCERIES

TO BE FOUND IN TOWN AT

ROCK-BOTTOM PRICES.

Executor's Sale.

D. C. Young, executor of A. D. Burbank late of Smethport borough, McKean county, Pennsylvania, will expose for sale, at public vendue and outcry, to the highest and best bidder, on Wednesday, October 26th, A. D. 1898, at 2 o'clock p. m., at the residence of Wm. Kanner, in the said borough of Smethport, the real estate hereinafter mentioned, to-wit:

FIRST. All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Keating, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: commencing in the centre of the old road, on the west side of Potato creek, in the south line of lands of L. Bayer; thence west 127 rods to an iron mark being the southwest corner of Keating lot No. 48; thence south 80 rods to a post; thence east along the line of lands of Wm. Kanner [illegible] rods to the centre of the aforesaid road; thence along the centre of said road north 26 degrees west 45.5 rods to the place of beginning. Containing 46.3 acres of land, be the same more or less, and being lot No. 48 of Keating lands in said township and part of Warrant No. [illegible], and being part of lands conveyed by Byron D. Hamlin and wife to Alonzo D. Burbank by deed dated January 26th, [illegible], recorded in Deed Book 7, page [illegible], McKean county records. All unimproved except about ten acres of cultivated land.

SECOND. All that piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the borough of Smethport and township of Keating and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post-corner on the west bank of Potato creek being the northeast corner of Keating lot No. 134, now owned by L. Bayer; thence west [illegible] rods to a post, the northwest corner of said lot No. 134; thence south [illegible] rods to a post, the southwest corner of said lot No. 134; thence west 41.5 rods to a stone; thence north [illegible] rods to an iron corner; thence north 12 degrees east 117 rods to a stone corner in the centre of Cemetery street; thence east along the centre of said Cemetery street [illegible] rods to an iron corner in the centre of Nelson and Cemetery streets; thence north along the centre of Nelson street 38 rods to the south bank of Marvin creek; thence down the said Marvin creek by its various courses and distances to its junction with Potato creek; thence up said Potato creek by its various courses and distances to the place of beginning. Containing [illegible] acres of land, be the same more or less, being parts of lots Nos. [illegible], [illegible] and 44 of the allotment of Keating lands in Keating township in Warrant No. [illegible], excepting and reserving five acres on which is situated Rose Hill cemetery, and three acres on which is situated St. Elizabeth's cemetery. The amount of land intended to be hereby conveyed being [illegible] acres, be the same more or less. Also excepting and reserving the oil and gas on about one-half of the south portion of said land, as reserved in the said deed from Byron D. Hamlin and wife to Alonzo D. Burbank. Having thereon one large farm house, two stories, with wings attached, with necessary outbuildings, water piped from spring to house, three large barns, and one old farm house, a good orchard, well watered, nearly all improved and under a good state of cultivation.

THIRD. Certain lots in said borough of Smethport, lying between Willow street on the north, Nelson street on the east, Cemetery street on the south and lands of Mrs. L. A. Freeman on the west, numbered and described on the plot of Burbank's lands as follows:

Lot No. 1. Commencing at the intersection of the south line of Willow street with the west line of Nelson street; thence south [illegible] feet; thence west [illegible] feet; thence north [illegible] feet to the south line of Willow street; thence east [illegible] feet to the place of beginning. Containing [illegible] square perches of land, having thereon a two story house with wing attached and small barn, a well of water and some fruit trees.

Lot No. 2. Commencing in the south line of Willow street, at the northwest corner of lot No. 1; thence south [illegible] feet; thence west [illegible] feet; thence north [illegible] feet to the south line of Willow street; thence east [illegible] feet to place of beginning. Containing 24.36 square perches of land.

Lot No. 10. Commencing in the south line of Willow street, at the northwest corner of lot No. 9; thence south [illegible] feet; thence west [illegible] feet; thence north [illegible] feet to the south line of Willow street, thence east [illegible] feet to the place of beginning. Containing 24.36 square perches of land.

Lot No. 11. Commencing in the south line of Willow street, at the northwest corner of lot No. 11, conveyed to [illegible]; thence south [illegible] feet; thence west [illegible] feet; thence north [illegible] feet to south line of Willow street; thence east [illegible] feet to place of beginning. Containing 24.36 square perches of land.

East half of lot No. 11. Commencing in the north line of Bank street, at the southwest corner of land conveyed to Theodore Norman; thence north [illegible] feet; thence east [illegible] feet; thence south [illegible] feet to the north line of Bank street; thence west [illegible] feet to place of beginning. Containing 12.18 square perches of land.

Lot No. 13. Commencing in the north line of Bank street, at the southeast corner of lot No. 12; thence north [illegible] feet; thence east [illegible] feet; thence south [illegible] feet to the north line of Bank street; thence west [illegible] feet to the place of beginning. Containing 24.36 square perches of land.

Lot No. 14. Commencing in the north line of Bank street, at the southeast corner of lot No. 13; thence north [illegible] feet; thence east [illegible] feet; thence south [illegible] feet to the north line of Bank street; thence west [illegible] feet to the place of beginning. Containing 24.36 square perches of land.

Lot No. 15. Commencing in the north line of Bank street, at the southeast corner of lot No. 14; thence north [illegible] feet; thence east [illegible] feet to west line of Nelson street; thence south [illegible] feet to the intersection of west line of Nelson street with north line of Bank street; thence west [illegible] feet to the place of beginning. Containing 24.36 perches of land.

Lot No. 18. Commencing on the east line of lands of Mrs. L. A. Freeman at the north line of a street 50 feet wide not named, but laid out eight rods north of Cemetery street and extending through to Nelson street; thence east along north line of said unnamed street [illegible] feet; thence north [illegible] feet to an alley [illegible] feet wide extending from the said L. A. Freeman line to Nelson street; thence west [illegible] feet to the east line of the said L. A. Freeman lands; thence south [illegible] degrees west to place of beginning. Containing about [illegible] square perches of land.

Lot No. 19. Commencing in the north line of said unnamed street, at the southeast corner of lot No. 18; thence north [illegible] feet to the said alley; thence east [illegible] feet; thence south [illegible] feet to the north line of said street; thence west [illegible] feet to the place of beginning. Containing [illegible] square perches of land.

Lot No. 20. Commencing in the north line of said unnamed street, at the southeast corner of lot No. 19; thence north [illegible] feet to the said alley; thence east [illegible] feet; thence south [illegible] feet to the north line of said street; thence west [illegible] feet to the place of beginning. Containing [illegible] square perches of land.

Lot No. 21. Commencing in the north line of said unnamed street, at the southeast corner of lot No. 20; thence north [illegible] feet to said alley; thence east [illegible] feet; thence south [illegible] feet to the north line of said street; thence west [illegible] feet to the place of beginning. Containing [illegible] square perches of land.

Lot No. 22. [illegible]

Lot No. 23. Commencing in the north line of said unnamed street, at the southeast corner of lot No. 22; thence north [illegible] feet to said alley; thence east [illegible] feet; thence south [illegible] feet to the north line of said street; thence west [illegible] feet to the place of beginning. Containing [illegible] square perches of land.

Lot No. 24. Commencing in the north line of said unnamed street, at the southeast corner of lot No. 23; thence north [illegible] feet to said alley; thence east [illegible] feet; thence south [illegible] feet to the north line of said street; thence west [illegible] feet to the place of beginning. Containing [illegible] square perches of land.

Lot No. 25. Commencing in the north line of said unnamed street, at the southeast corner of lot No. 24; thence north [illegible] feet to said alley; thence east [illegible] feet to the west line of Nelson street; thence south along the west line of Nelson street [illegible] feet to the north line of said unnamed street; thence west [illegible] feet to the place of beginning. Containing [illegible] square perches of land.

Lot No. 39. Commencing in the north line of Cemetery street, at the southwest corner of land conveyed to Nathaniel Manner, lot No. 38; thence north [illegible] feet to the south line of said street not named; thence west [illegible] feet; thence south [illegible] feet to the north line of Cemetery street; thence east [illegible] feet to the place of beginning. Containing [illegible] square perches of land.

Lot No. 40. Commencing in the north line of Cemetery street, at the southeast corner of lands conveyed to Alice Wolters, lot No. 41; thence north [illegible] feet to the south line of said street; thence east [illegible] feet; thence south [illegible] feet to the north line of Cemetery street; thence west [illegible] feet to the place of beginning. Containing [illegible] square perches of land.

Lot No. 42. Commencing in the north line of Cemetery street, at the southwest corner of lands conveyed to Alice Wolters, lot No. 41; thence north [illegible] feet to said unnamed street; thence west [illegible] feet to the east line of the L. A. Freeman lands; thence south [illegible] degrees west to the north line of Cemetery street; thence east [illegible] to the place of beginning. Containing about [illegible] square perches of land, all of said small lots being a part of lot No. [illegible] of the allotment of Keating lands in Keating township and of Warrant No. [illegible].

Terms of sale: Cash.

SHERIDAN GORTON, Att'y for Executor.
D. C. YOUNG, Executor.

Notice.

THE FOLLOWING ACCOUNTS OF ADMINistrators, Executors and Guardians, having been settled in the office of the Register of Wills, the same will be presented for confirmation at the Orphan's Court, to be held at Smethport, in and for the County of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, on the first Monday of October, A. D. 1898.

First and final account of Wm. C. Kennedy and M. A. Boyde, executors of the last will and testament of N. H. Collins, deceased.

First partial account of Charles W. Johnson administrator of the estate of Gust. Creutz, deceased.

First and final account of John J. Hughes, administrator of the estate of John Brown, deceased.

First and final account of Otto A. Mullanter, administrator of the estate of Alfred Johnson, deceased.

First and final account of Martha A. Stanton, administratrix of the estate of John P. Tyler, deceased.

First account of E. B. Williams, administrator of the estate of Marette C. Barrett, deceased.

Second and final account of Joseph Field and W. H. Field, administrators of the estate of William Field, deceased.

First and final account of O. S. Greeley, guardian of Carrie B. Schnarr (now McIlgar), minor child of William and Catherine Schnarr, deceased.

First and final account of P. C. West, guardian of Nellie, Fred and Bessie Parkhurst, minor children of William Parkhurst, deceased.

GEO. W. MITCHELL, Register.
H. M. CHOATE, Deputy.

Smethport, Pa., September 5th, 1898.

New England Bakery,

Cor. Main and Union Sts.

FRESH HOME-MADE

Bread
Cookies
Cakes
Pies

SALT RISING BREAD MADE MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS

J. W. PICKERSGILL,
Smethport, Pa.

EMIL THAMM,

TAXIDERMIST,

Birds and Animals finely Stuffed and Mounted.

Manufacturer of Fine Cigars.

NEW

WAGON and CARRIAGE SHOP.

Having [illegible] the wagon [illegible] of C. W. [illegible], I am prepared to do all kinds of

WAGON and CARRIAGE WORK.

CARRIAGE PAINTING done in latest style.

JOHN [illegible], Smethport, Pa.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY VIRTUE of sundry writs of [illegible] issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of McKean County, Pennsylvania, and to me directed, there will be exposed to sale by public vendue or outcry at the Court House, in the borough of Smethport, Pa., on

MONDAY, OCTOBER [illegible], 1898,

at 1 p. m., the following described pieces of property:

1.

Defendant's interest in all and singular the rights, powers, privileges, immunities, and franchises of the said Lafayette Manufacturing Company including the franchise to be a corporation whether now possessed or hereafter acquired by the said Lafayette Manufacturing Company [illegible] together with all and singular the tenements and appurtenances thereunto belonging, and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, toll, incomes, rents, issues and profits thereof and all the estate, title and interest whatsoever as well at law as in equity of the said Lafayette Manufacturing Company of, in and to the same and also all and singular the lands, real estate and premises of the said Lafayette Manufacturing Company, the party of the first part particularly described as follows, that is to say,

FIRST—All that certain tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the township of Lafayette, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a hemlock stub the southwest corner of Warrant No. 2263; thence east on warrant line one hundred (100) perches to a post; thence north one hundred and eighty-two and [illegible] perches to a small birch; thence east one hundred and four and [illegible] perches to a post; thence north one hundred and sixty-four and four-tenths (164 4-10) perches to a post; thence east three and [illegible] perches to a post in the east line of Warrant No. 2263, (said post being [illegible] perches south of the southwest corner of Warrant No. [illegible]); thence north on warrant line three hundred and fifty-six (356) perches to a post the northeast corner of Warrant No. 2263, said post being in the south line of Lewis Run tract; thence west five hundred and ninety-three and four-tenths (593 4-10) perches to a post the northwest corner of Warrant No. 2263; thence south on warrant line seven hundred and fourteen (714) perches to the place of beginning. Containing two thousand [illegible] hundred and [illegible] acres more or less and being Warrant number 2263 and part of Warrant numbered [illegible], and being same premises described in a [illegible] deed from Thomas G. [illegible] and wife to Charles S. Whitney and Samuel A. Wheeler by deed dated December [illegible], and recorded in Deed Book Vol. [illegible], page [illegible], &c. And the said Samuel A. Wheeler's interest having been conveyed to Charles S. Whitney by deed dated July [illegible], excepting and reserving nevertheless from the above described premises unto the said Charles S. Whitney, his heirs and assigns forever all petroleum or rock oil in or under said above described land together with sufficient natural gas for use in developing and producing said oil, and all mineral rights to the said above described land and sufficient timber from said above described land for all oil wells that may be erected thereon. Together with all oil wells now upon said above described land with the rigs, boilers, engines, tanks, casing, tubing, pipe, fittings, fixtures and appurtenances to said wells belonging. Also together with all buildings now erected upon said above described land and also together with all right of way and entry to, over and across the said above described land for the full and proper enjoyment of the several exceptions and reservations hereinbefore excepted and reserved to the said Charles S. Whitney, his heirs and assigns, above grant is made subject to right of way granted to the Manufacturers' Gas Company, its successors and assigns for a gas line under articles by C. S. Whitney and S. A. Wheeler dated December 13th, 1887. Also subject to right of way or permits for National Transit Company's oil and gas lines and the Tidewater Pipe Company, Limited, oil line, and subject to the right of way of the Bradford and Western Pennsylvania Railroad company. Together with a number of lumber shanties and barns located thereon.

SECOND—All that tract or parcel of land situate in the township of Lafayette, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post in the east line of Warrant No. [illegible] at the southeast corner of lot No. 1 as surveyed by John W. Weeks; thence running along said warrant line south 2 degrees west seventy-six and four-tenths (76 4-10) perches to a post; thence north 88 degrees west one hundred four and seven-tenths (104 7-10) perches to a post; thence north 2 degrees east seventy-six and four-tenths (76 4-10) perches to a post; thence along lot No. 1 aforesaid south 88 degrees east one hundred and four and seven-tenths (104 7-10) perches to a post, the place of beginning. Containing fifty (50) acres of land, strict measure be the same more or less and being lot No. 2 of the survey made by John W. Weeks, surveyor, Oct. 15th, [illegible], and a part of Warrant No. [illegible]. Unimproved.

3rd. Beginning at a post in the Kittaning road at the southeast corner of lot No. 2 of the survey before mentioned; thence running along the Kittaning road south 33 degrees west fifty-four and eight-tenths (54 8-10) perches to a post; thence along the north line of lot No. 4 north 88 degrees west one hundred and twenty-four (124) perches to a post; thence north 2 degrees east forty-seven and eight-tenths (47 8-10) perches to a post; thence along lots Nos. 2 and 1 one hundred and fifty and eight-tenths (150 8-10) perches to a post, the place of beginning. Containing forty (40) acres, strict measure be the same more or less, and being lot No. 3 of the survey aforesaid and a part of Warrants Nos. [illegible] and [illegible], being same premises described by H. P. Miller to Charles S. Whitney et. al., deed dated Jan'y 27th, [illegible], and recorded in Deed Book Vol. [illegible], page [illegible], saving, excepting and reserving nevertheless from the above described premises unto the said Charles S. Whitney, his heirs and assigns forever all petroleum or rock oil in or under said above described land, together with sufficient natural gas for use in developing and producing said oil and all mineral rights to the said above described land and sufficient timber from said above described land for all oil wells that may be erected thereon. Together with all oil wells now upon said above described land, with the rigs, boilers, engines, tanks, casing, tubing, pipe, fittings, fixtures and appurtenances to said wells belonging. Also together with all buildings now erected upon said above described land and also together with all right of way and entry to, over and across the said above described land for the full and proper enjoyment of the several exceptions and reservations hereinbefore excepted and reserved to the said Charles S. Whitney, his heirs and assigns. Partly improved and having thereon one one story board house and barn occupied by —Tibbits.

THIRD—All the following described tracts or parcels of land situate in the township of Lafayette, in the county of McKean in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, viz: Beginning at the southwesterly corner of Warrant No. [illegible]; thence westerly to the southeasterly corner of a lot of land conveyed by John W. [illegible] and [illegible] to John Arnot of Elmira in the State of New York, being a part of Warrant No. [illegible]; thence northerly by line of said Arnot lot fifty (50) perches; thence westerly by the northerly line of said Arnot lot ninety-six (96) rods; thence southerly fifty (50) rods to the southwest corner of said Arnot lot; thence westerly to the southeasterly corner of lot No. [illegible] of the Kingsbury survey; thence northerly by the easterly line of lot No. [illegible] one hundred and two (102) perches more or less to the northeasterly corner of said lot No. [illegible]; thence westerly to the southeast corner of lot No. [illegible]; thence northerly one hundred and one (101) rods more or less to a sugar tree on the south side of the highway leading from Bradford to Marshburg; thence northeasterly along said highway to the northwesterly corner of lot No. 401; thence southerly one hundred and sixty-seven and one-tenth (167 1-10) rods more or less to the southwest corner of said lot No. 401; thence northeasterly by southerly line of lot No. 401 one hundred and forty-four (144) rods more or less; thence southerly by line of lot No. 401 sixty-four (64) rods more or less; thence northeasterly by line of lot No. 401 one hundred and ninety (190) perches more or less; thence northerly by easterly line of said lot No. 401 twelve (12) rods; thence by southeasterly line of lot No. [illegible] ninety-six (96) rods more or less to the southwesterly corner of lot No. [illegible]; thence northerly by easterly line of lot No. [illegible] one hundred and fifty-nine (159) rods more or less to the highway aforesaid; thence northeasterly along said highway eight (8) rods more or less to the northwesterly corner of lot No. [illegible]; thence by southwesterly line of said lot No. [illegible] one hundred and forty-four (144) rods more or less to the southwesterly corner of said lot No. [illegible]; thence northeasterly by southeasterly line of lot No. [illegible] to lands of [illegible] Evans; thence easterly by southerly line of said Evans land to the southwest corner thereof; thence northerly by easterly line of said Evans lot and land of William O. Brown to a point in the southeasterly line of lot No. [illegible] fifty-seven (57) rods more or less southwesterly from the southwest corner of lot No. [illegible]; thence by southeasterly line of said Brown's land to the southwest corner of lot No. 447 on the township line of Bradford and Lafayette; thence easterly along said township line to a point in the westerly line of lands of David E. Foster; thence southerly by said David E. Foster's westerly line to a point in the northerly line of lands of Allan Foster in lot No. [illegible]; thence westerly to the northwest corner of said Allan Foster's lot; thence southerly to the southwest corner of said lot; thence easterly to the northeast corner of land of William Foster; thence southerly by the westerly line of said William Foster's land to a point in the northerly line of land of Jacob Lewis; thence westerly [illegible] rods more or less to the northwest corner of said Lewis lot; thence southerly by westerly line of said lot one hundred [illegible] rods more or less to the southwest corner of said Lewis lot; thence easterly thirty-one (31) rods more or less to the southerly line of said lot; thence northeasterly by said lands of said Lewis and William Foster to a point in the southerly line of lands of Allan Foster; thence easterly by line of said Allan Foster's lands in Warrant number 2273 to the highway leading from Bradford to Lafayette; thence southeasterly along said highway to an angle; thence southerly sixty-one (61) rods more or less to the southwest corner of lot No. [illegible]; thence easterly by southerly line of lot No. [illegible] eighty-two (82) rods more or less to the highway aforesaid; thence southerly along said highway to a point in the southerly line of Warrant number 2275; thence westerly by line of said warrant to the place of beginning, the lands hereby conveyed being embraced in Warrants numbered 2273, [illegible], and sub-division lots numbered [illegible] and [illegible] of the Kingsbury survey containing in all, three thousand six hundred and eighty and one-tenth (3680.1) acres more or less, being the same premises which were conveyed to Stephen V. White by Everett V. Chadwick, Esq., High Sheriff of the said county of McKean, by deed bearing date the 21st day of June, A. D. 1877, and recorded in book A of Sheriff's deeds of said county at page 515, and conveyed by sundry and divers deeds and conveyances to the said Charles S. Whitney, excepting and reserving nevertheless to the parties of the first part their heirs and assigns out of and from the above described property all that certain tract of land bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post and stones the northwest corner of the Lewis farm now W. A. Foster farm; running thence south along the west line of said Foster farm seventy-one and four-tenths (71.4) rods to a black birch tree; thence [illegible] twenty-two (22) rods; thence north seventy-two and [illegible] rods to a stone and stones; thence east twenty-four and four-tenths (24.4) rods to the place of beginning. Containing eleven and [illegible] acres. Also excepting and reserving to the parties of the first part, their heirs and assigns, all that certain [illegible] thence south 46 degrees [illegible] minutes east two hundred and seventy [270] feet along line of lands [illegible] Foster to a stone; thence south [illegible] degrees east eleven hundred [illegible] feet to a post and stones; thence north 46 degrees 15 minutes west two hundred and [illegible] feet to a point in center of Lewis Run road; thence along center of said road in a [illegible] direction two hundred and sixty-[illegible] feet to a point in center of said road; [illegible] 31 degrees 15 minutes west forty [illegible] rods along land contracted [illegible] to a stone; thence north 79 degrees [illegible] minutes east one hundred and ninety [illegible] feet to a stone; thence north 5 degrees 25 minutes east nine hundred sixty-six and nine-tenths [966.9] feet to the place of beginning. Containing twelve and seventy-five one-hundredths [12.75] acres together with the buildings thereon. Also excepting and reserving to the parties of the first part, their heirs and assigns, all that certain other tract of land bounded and described as follows, and known as farm lot "F", to-wit: Beginning at a stone, bound and stakes in the southeasterly line of land of William A. Foster, and running thence north 37 degrees 40 minutes east bounding on said Foster's lands sixty-six and eight-tenths [66.8] rods to a post and stones, said Foster's northeast corner; thence north [illegible] degrees 45 minutes east fourteen and four-tenths [14.4] rods bounding on lands of Isaac Foster to a stone and stones the westerly corner of lands contracted to H. C. Christman; thence south 21 degrees west bounding on said Christman's lands forty and two-tenths [40.2] rods to a point in the center of the Lewis Run road from which a stone and stones bears north 21 degrees west twenty-five and six-tenths [25.6] feet; thence up said road south 46 degrees west twenty-eight and eight-tenths [28.8] rods; thence south 52 degrees west twenty-four and seven-tenths [24.7] rods to a point from which a stone and stones bears north 64 degrees 25 minutes west twenty-nine [29] feet; thence north 8 degrees 25 minutes west twenty-two and two-tenths [22.2] rods to the place of beginning. Containing ten and nine one-hundredths [10.09] acres according to the map and survey made by Charles Gorton, [illegible], recorded in the office for the recording of deeds at Smethport in the said county of McKean in Deed Book Vol. [illegible], at page [illegible], &c. Also excepting and reserving to the parties of the first part, their heirs and assigns, all that certain other tract of land known and described as farm lot "M" and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the intersection of the main road with the Lewis Run road; thence west along said main road being also the south line of Warrant number 2275 thirty-eight and three-tenths [38.3] rods; thence north thirty-one and nine-tenths [31.9] rods to a stone and stones the southwest corner of lands of William A. Foster; thence east along said Foster's lands thirty-one [31] rods to a stone and stones the southeast corner of lands of said Foster; thence north 12 degrees 15 minutes east forty-three and twenty-six one-hundredths [43.26] rods to a point from which a stone, bound and stones bears north 21 degrees [illegible] minutes east sixty and two-tenths [60.2] feet; thence south 46 degrees 35 minutes east twenty-two and two-tenths [22.2] rods bounding on lands deed to lands William A. Foster to the center of the Lewis Run road; thence up said road south 30 degrees west forty-two and one-tenth [42.1] rods; thence south 39 degrees west up said road thirty-six and eight-tenths [36.8] rods to the place of beginning. Containing fourteen and twenty one-hundredths [14.20] acres more or less, being part of Warrant 2275. Also excepting and reserving to the parties of the first part, their heirs and assigns, all that certain other tract of land known and described as farm lot "N" and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a beech tree two and one-half inches in diameter at the southeast corner of farm lot N; thence north fifty-eight and seven-tenths [58.7] rods to a post and stones in the southeast line of village lot No. 79 of C. S. Whitney & Co. map of Lewis Run aforesaid; thence north 53 degrees east [magnetic] bounding on village lots 79, 80, 81, 82, 83 & 84 nineteen and two-tenths [19.2] rods to the center of the Big Shanty and Bradford road; thence up said road from a point which a post and stones in the south line of the Fuller lot bears south sixty-three [63] links; thence south sixty-four and two-tenths [64.2] rods to the southwest corner of the Fuller lot; thence west twenty [20] rods to the place of beginning, saving, excepting and reserving from the above described premises where the same bounds on the aforesaid village lots for a road or highway a strip of land bounding on said lots and being fifty [50] feet in width and running the whole length of said farm lot N. Also saving, excepting and reserving from off the said farm lot N above described for a wood yard a certain portion thereof of about one-half acre from off the north or northeastern end and along the Big Shanty road and lying between the house and barn now situate thereon and said Big Shanty road as per verbal agreement heretofore between the parties hereto. Also excepting and reserving to the parties of the first part, their heirs and assigns, all those certain other pieces, parcels or tracts of land described as follows, to-wit: Being lots numbers 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83 and 84 as shown on C. S. Whitney & Co.'s map of Lewis Run as surveyed by L. Gorton, surveyor, October 1886, and recorded in Recorder's office of McKean county, Pennsylvania, on January 8th, 1887, in Deed Book 57, page 60, &c. Also excepting and reserving to the parties of the first part, their heirs and assigns, all that certain other tract of land described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the south line of the new road on the northerly side of farm lot "N" three hundred and forty-four and three-tenths (344.3) feet south 52 degrees west from the intersection of said road line with the westerly line of the Bradford and Lafayette road; thence south 9 degrees 52 minutes west seven hundred nineteen and eight-tenths (719.8) feet to a post; thence north 83 degrees west one hundred forty-eight and two-tenths (148.2) feet to a post; thence south 52 degrees west three hundred and twenty (320) feet to a post; thence south 18 degrees east nine hundred and eighty (980) feet to a post; thence south 52 degrees west three hundred and thirty (330) feet to a post; thence north 38 degrees west thirteen hundred and twenty (1320) feet to a post; thence north 52 degrees east eleven hundred seventy-nine and six-tenths (1179.6) feet along the north line of the above mentioned new road to the place of beginning. Containing fourteen and forty-four one-hundredths (14.44) acres more or less, part of Warrant No. 2275, subject to the right of way of the Bradford and Western Pennsylvania Railroad Company as described in conveyance from C. S. Whitney and H. L. McMullin to said Bradford and Western Pennsylvania Railroad Company dated 20th day of December, [illegible], and recorded in McKean county, Pa., in Deed Book Vol. [illegible], page [illegible], &c., also subject to the right of way of the Manufacturer's Gas Company, its successors and assigns for a gas line as now constructed and operated over said property. Also subject to right of way or permits for the National Transit Company's oil and gas line and the Tidewater Pipe Company, Limited, oil line as now laid down and operated over a part of said land. Also subject to the right of way or permits for a pipe line of the Emery Oil Company. Also subject to the right of way of the Bradford and Western Pennsylvania Railroad Company. Partly improved and having thereon one two story frame dwelling house, two one and one-half story frame dwelling houses, one saw mill and lumber yard complete, one wood alcohol plant complete, containing 23 retorts with all of its appurtenances, one machine shop, one blacksmith shop, one frame office building, 10 oil wells complete with 10 engines, 4 boilers, carpenters' rigs, tanks, tubing, casing, sucker rods, gas, steam and oil pipes and all fittings, fixtures and appurtenances to the same belonging, 5 gas wells with tubing, casing and gas lines connecting the same with the factory, being about six miles of gas pipe, the same being 2, 3 and 4 inch pipe and a number of lumber camps, log slides and barns.

FOURTH—All that certain tract or parcel of land situate lying and being in the township of Lafayette, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner of the Lewis Run tract in the centre of the Bradford and Lafayette road; thence south 20 degrees east by the centre line of said road two hundred and ninety (290) feet more or less to a point an angle in the east line of the Lewis Run tract; thence north 70 degrees east two hundred and seventy (270) feet more or less to a point; thence north 17 degrees west two hundred and sixty-five (265) feet more or less to a point the south line of McMullin street, so called, on the Chas. Gorton map the northwest corner of lot 67; thence south 73 degrees west one hundred (100) feet to the northwest corner of lot 69; thence south 65 degrees 10 minutes west one hundred and twenty (120) feet more or less to a point in the north line of the Fuller lot; thence by the north line of the Fuller lot north 86 degrees 45 minutes west seventy (70) feet more or less to the place of beginning. Containing one and eight-tenths (1.8) acres more or less. Improved and having thereon one small frame office building, one frame and iron boiler house and one large frame building used as a wood alcohol refinery.

FIFTH—All that piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in Bradford city, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the northerly line of St. James Place the southwest corner of lot No. 1 of Whitney and Wheeler's addition to Bradford 1877, 1878, and running thence northerly forty-four and three-tenths (44.3) feet to the southerly line of lot No. 2; thence westerly twenty-five (25) feet along said southerly line of lot No. 2; thence southerly forty-four (44) feet to the northerly line of St. James Place; thence easterly along the northerly line of St. James Place twenty-five (25) feet to the place of beginning, and being known as lot No. 1 of Whitney and Wheeler's addition to Bradford 1877, as per map and survey of L. Gorton, said map being now on file in the Recorder's office at Smethport, Pa., in Deed Book [illegible] page [illegible] and being the same premises heretofore conveyed by S. A. Wheeler and May C. Wheeler, his wife, to L. B. Lockard, aforesaid, in trust for the Columbian Society by deed bearing date September 12th, 1890, and recorded in the Recorder's office of McKean county in Deed Book Vol. [illegible], page [illegible], &c., and by L. B. Lockard, trustee, conveyed to the aforesaid C. P. Byron by deed bearing date, January 20th, 1891, and recorded in the Recorder's office of McKean county in Deed Book Vol. 60 page [illegible], &c., and by C. P. Byron to Charles S. Whitney by deed dated June 20th, 1891, and recorded in the Recorder's office of McKean county in Deed Book Vol. 60, page 472. Improved and having thereon one two story frame office building.

SIXTH—All that certain tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the township of Lafayette, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, containing four hundred and thirteen acres (413) more or less described as follows: Beginning at a post the northwest corner of Warrant No. 3430; thence south 1½ degrees west forty-six and five-tenths (46.5) perches to a post; thence south 88½ degrees east one hundred and forty-five and four-tenths (145.4) perches to a post; thence south by line of lots now or late in the possession of J. Marsh and Orvis Newcomb two hundred and nineteen and three-tenths (219.3) perches to a post; thence east two hundred and twenty-eight and two-tenths (228.2) perches to a post in line of lot contracted to be sold to William Wilkinson, R. V. R. Watson and others; thence north by line of said lot two hundred fifty-six and six-tenths (256.6) perches to a post in re-survey of north line of Warrant No. 3436; thence north 89 degrees west by said re-survey north line three hundred and seventy-two and seven-tenths (372.7) perches to the place of beginning, being a part of Warrant No. 3436. Unimproved.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Lafayette Manufacturing Company, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, defendant, T. D. Clark, receiver, at the suit of Bradford National Bank, Trustee.

D. H. Jack, plaintiff's attorney.

2.

Defendant's interest in all that certain lot of ground situate in the city of Bradford, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the [illegible] corner of the J. W. Fritz lot on the easterly side of E. Main [illegible]; thence northerly along said easterly line [illegible] W. Fritz lot [illegible] and being lot No. [illegible] on [illegible] City Engineer's office in [illegible] Bradford, Pa. Improved and having thereon one [illegible] two-story frame dwelling house.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of A. H. Kelly [illegible], W. J. [illegible], Adm'r, at the suit of City of Bradford.

F. P. Schoonmaker, plaintiff's attorney.

3.

Defendants' interest in all that certain piece, parcel or lot of land situate in the city of Bradford, county of McKean, State of Pennsylvania, described as follows: Being known as lot No. 104, one hundred and four of the Whitney and Wheeler east side building lots as per survey and plot of L. Gorton, 1877-78 map of said survey, being now on file and of record in the Recorder's office of McKean county in Deed Book Vol. [illegible], at page 50. Being (25) twenty-five feet front on Cottage Row and running back (100) one hundred feet. Improved and having thereon one two story frame dwelling house.

Also—One other piece, parcel or lot of land situate in said city, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the west line of High St. (34) thirty-four feet south from the southwest corner of North and High streets; thence west by a line parallel with North st. (65) sixty-five feet to the south-west corner of lands contracted to W. A. [illegible], [illegible] 1886; thence southerly by line parallel with High st. (33) thirty-three feet to a point; thence easterly by a line parallel with first line above named (65) sixty-five feet to the west line of High street; thence northerly along the west line of High St. (33) thirty-three feet to the place of beginning. Excepting and reserving therefrom all oil and minerals in, under or upon said land and in this conveyance is made subject to an oil lease of Whitney and others now owned by Emery and others, together with all and singular the buildings, improvements, ways, woods, etc. Improved and having thereon one one and one-half story and basement frame dwelling house.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Jefferson S. Northrop and Mary Ellen Northrop, his wife, at the suit of Baltimore Building and Loan Association of Baltimore City, Maryland.

Brown & Schoonmaker, plaintiff's attorneys.

4.

Defendants' interest in all that piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the township of Bradford, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post in the west line of Mechanic street "Extension" and at the southeast corner of lot number eight (8) of the Pike survey deeded to H. H. Shively by Harlow Pike and wife; thence westerly by Shively's south line one hundred fifty-three and three-tenths (153.3) feet to a post in the eastern line of Maplewood avenue; thence southerly by the eastern line of said Maplewood avenue fifty (50) feet to an iron post; thence easterly and parallel with the north line one hundred fifty-three and three-tenths (153.3) feet to an iron post in the west line of Mechanic street; thence northerly by the west line of said Mechanic street fifty (50) feet to the place of beginning. Containing seven thousand, six hundred and sixty-five (7,665) square feet, and being also lot No. one hundred thirty (130) as shown on "Map of Pike Farm" as surveyed and drafted by F. M. Webster; together with all and singular the buildings, streets, alleys, passages, ways, water, water courses, rights, liberties, privileges, improvements, hereditaments and appurtenances whatsoever thereunto belonging. Improved and having thereon one two-story frame dwelling house and usual out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Lottie N. Grant and Rosamond Grant at the suit of Fabio C. Hanstein, Assignee of Eastern Building and Loan Association of Syracuse, New York.

D. H. Jack, plaintiff's attorney.

5.

Defendant's interest in all that two story frame building 24x24 feet in size with [illegible] 14 fourteen feet and lot or piece of ground appurtenant thereto and on which said building is located situate in the second ward of Bradford city, McKean county and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point on the westerly side of Maplewood avenue, said point being 40 feet northerly from the northwest corner of Maplewood avenue and Kane street; thence westerly at right angles with Maplewood avenue 125 feet to a point; thence northerly parallel with Maplewood avenue 40 feet to a point; thence easterly at right angles with said Maplewood avenue 125 feet to a point in the westerly line of said Maplewood avenue; thence southerly along said Maplewood Avenue 40 feet to the place of beginning. Improved and having thereon one two story frame dwelling house and usual outbuildings.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Charles F. Peterson, owner or reputed owner, at the suit of Bradford Planing Mill Company.

James George, plaintiff's attorney.

6.

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece of land situate in the city of Bradford, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania bounded as follows: Beginning at a point one hundred and ten (110) ft. south from the southwest corner of McKean St. and Maplewood Ave., as marked on the map hereinafter mentioned; thence southerly along the west line of Maplewood Ave. ninety (90) ft. to a point; thence westerly one hundred and twenty-five (125) ft. to a point; thence northerly ninety (90) ft. to point; thence easterly one hundred and twenty-five (125) ft. to the place of beginning, be the same more or less. Being lots Nos. 27, 28 and part of 26 and 29 of Corwin and Edgett's Addition to Bradford city and recorded in Recorder's office, Smethport, Pa. Improved.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of C. F. Peterson at the suit of Kittie Ellsworth.

C. J. Curtis & E. L. Keenan, plaintiff's att'ys.

7.

Defendant's interest in all that certain two-story frame building or dwelling house and lot or piece of ground and curtilage appurtenant thereto, situate, lying and being in Bradford city, McKean county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post in the east line of Rochester St. 300 5-10 feet northerly from the point of intersection of the north line of Grove street and the east line of Rochester street; thence northerly along the east line of Rochester street 50 feet to a post in the southwest line of land contracted by A. B. White; thence east by line running at right angles to said Rochester street and along said White's south line 100 feet to a post; thence southerly by line parallel with said Rochester St. 50 feet to a post; thence westerly by line running at right angles to said Rochester street 100 feet to the place of beginning and having thereon erected a two-story frame building now in the process of construction of the dimensions of 24x34 on the ground.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of C. F. Peterson, owner or reputed owner and contractor, at the suit of W. S. Robison, now for use of A. Miller and F. A. Miller doing business as A. Miller & Son.

R. B. Stone, plaintiff's attorney.

8.

Defendant's interest in all that lot of land in the borough of Kane, McKean county, Pennsylvania, with two-story frame dwelling house thereon, part of Warrant No. 3210, being lot No. [illegible], on Bayard street, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post in the north side of Bayard street 100 feet east from the northeast corner of Bayard and Welsh streets; thence by the said north side of Bayard street S. 70 degrees W. 50 feet; thence at right angles thereto N. 20 degrees W. 145 feet; thence parallel with Bayard street N. 70 degrees E. 50 feet; thence at right angles to Bayard street S. 20 degrees E. 145 feet to the place of beginning. Containing seven thousand, two hundred and fifty square feet of land more or less. Being the same lot of land contracted by Evan O'N. Kane to James O. Dilley by contract dated October 4, 1889. Improved and having thereon one two-story frame dwelling house with ell, one small board barn and about twelve young fruit trees.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of James O. Dilley at the suit of J. F. Kelly, now for use of Susan C. Dilley.

Bouton & Gallup, plaintiff's attorneys.

9.

Defendants' interest in all that certain piece, parcel or lot of land in the borough of Kane, McKean county, and State of Pennsylvania, part of Warrant No. 3210, being lot No. — on the west side of Dawson street, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post in the west line of Dawson street, sixty-five feet southward of the southwest corner of Dawson and Holman streets; thence by the west line of Dawson street south twenty degrees East sixty feet to a post; thence at right angles to said Dawson street, south seventy degrees west one hundred and twenty-five feet; thence by the east line of an alley fourteen feet wide, north twenty degrees west sixty feet; thence north seventy degrees east one hundred and twenty-five feet to the place of beginning. Containing 7,500 square feet, more or less, together with all and singular the buildings, improvements, ways, woods, water courses, water, rights, liberties, privileges, hereditaments and appurtenances whatsoever thereunto belonging. Improved and having thereon erected a two-story frame dwelling house and a frame stable.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Charles L. Carlson and Anna Carlson at the suit of The Baltimore Building and Loan Association of Baltimore city.

Shaffer & Shaffer, plaintiff's attorneys.

10.

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the city of Bradford, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a point at the southwest corner of lot No. 68 on Cole avenue, as per map and survey of J. A. Seymour, surveyor, and running along the north side of said Cole avenue, twenty-four and three-fourths feet west; thence north at right angles with said Cole avenue, eighty-six and eight-tenths feet; thence east on a line parallel with Cole avenue, twenty-four and three-fourths feet to the northwest corner of lot No. 68; thence south eighty-six and eight-tenths feet to the place of beginning. Being lot No. 69, as per survey and map of J. A. Seymour, surveyor, recorded in Recorder's office of McKean county, June 21st, [illegible]. Improved and having thereon one one-story frame dwelling house, one board shed and usual out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Ella N. Jones at the suit of O. M. Barnes.

Mullin & Mullin, plaintiff's attorneys.

11.

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the city of Bradford, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post in the east line of Rochester street, six hundred and two (602) feet southerly from the point of intersection of the south line of Avenue B and the east line of said Rochester street, said post being twenty-seven (27) feet southerly from the southwest corner of lot deeded by John N. Newell et al to Kittie C. Newell; thence southerly along the east line of said Rochester street fifty (50) feet to a post; thence easterly by a line running at right angles with said Rochester street one hundred (100) feet to a post; thence northerly by a line running parallel with said Rochester street fifty (50) feet to a post; thence westerly by a line running at right angles with said Rochester street one hundred (100) feet to the place of beginning, being the same property which Mary J. Anderson and John H. Anderson, her husband, by deed dated October 1st, [illegible], and recorded in the Recorder's office of McKean county in Deed Book, Vol. [illegible], page 197, sold and conveyed to Thomas Ferry. Improved and having thereon two one-story frame dwelling houses.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Thomas Ferry at the suit of Finnessey & Bissett, use of M. E. Finnessey.

James George, plaintiff's attorney.

12.

Defendant's interest in all that certain parcel or lot of land situated in the city of Bradford, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at a post on the east side of Chestnut street, seventy-eight and one-half (78½) feet south of Elm street; thence east seventy-five (75) feet; thence south twenty-one and one-half (21½) feet; thence west seventy-five (75) feet to Chestnut street; thence north along Chestnut street twenty-one and one-half (21½) feet to the place of beginning. Containing one thousand, six hundred and twelve and one-half (1,612½) square feet, being part of land conveyed to said Augustus W. Newell by Horace Little, Receiver, by deed dated June 1st, A. D. 1877, and recorded in the Recorder's office in and county of McKean, and being also the same property conveyed to George E. Blakely by Augustus W. Newell and wife by deed dated May 11th, [illegible], and recorded in the Recorder's office of McKean county in Deed Book, Vol. [illegible], at page [illegible], etc. Improved and having thereon one two-story frame dwelling house.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of [illegible], Administrator of Estate of G. E. Blakely, at the suit of E. A. Warren.

James George, plaintiff's attorney.

13.

FIRST—Defendant's interest in all that certain tract of land in the borough of Kane, McKean county and State of Pennsylvania. Beginning at a post in the west side of Welsh street, one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft.) northwardly from the southwest corner of Bayard and Welsh streets, thence south twenty degrees east (S. 20 degrees E.) fifty feet (50 ft.) parallel to Bayard street by the north side of an alley ten feet wide south seventy degrees west (S. 70 degrees W.) fifty feet (50 ft.); thence parallel to Welsh street north twenty degrees west (N. 20 degrees W.) fifty feet (50 ft.); thence north seventy degrees east (N. 70 degrees E.) fifty feet (50 ft.) to the place of beginning. Containing 2,500 square feet. Improved and having thereon one one-story board dwelling house and usual out-buildings.

SECOND—Also defendant's interest in all that certain tract of land in the borough of Kane, McKean county and State of Pennsylvania, part of Warrant No. 3210, and being lot No. [illegible], Bayard street, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of Bayard and Welsh streets; thence by the south side of Bayard street (30 feet from the centre thereof) north seventy degrees east (N. 70 degrees E.) fifty feet (50 ft.); thence parallel to Welsh street south twenty degrees east (S. 20 degrees E.) one hundred and seventy-five feet (175 ft.); thence parallel to Bayard street south seventy degrees West (S. 70 degrees W.) fifty feet (50 ft.); thence by the east side of Welsh street (30 feet from the centre thereof) north twenty degrees west (N. 20 degrees W.) one hundred and seventy-five feet (175 ft.) to the place of beginning. Containing 8,750 square feet. Improved and having thereon one two-story frame dwelling house, two one-story board dwelling houses and usual out-buildings.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Mary H. House at the suit of The Rochester Saving and Loan Association.

A. P. Huey, plaintiff's attorney.

14.

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate in the township of Wetmore, in the county of McKean, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at post S. W. corner of lot No. [illegible] of Kane survey; thence by same north forty-seven degrees west, one hundred and [illegible] five rods to centre of Big Level State road; thence by same south thirty-four degrees west, forty-seven rods; thence south forty-four and one-fourth (44¼) degrees east fifty-nine rods to a corner in Owl Creek; thence down the creek south, seventy-one and three-fourths degrees west, fifty-one and four-tenths rods to a corner; thence east one hundred and forty-three rods more or less to the place of beginning. Containing fifty-five (55) acres. Reserving and excepting, however, from above grant all the timber, standing lying and being upon the said land, of twelve inches and upwards at two feet from the ground, and also the gas, coal, iron, limestone, petroleum and other minerals in or upon the above described lands, together with the right of the owner thereof of entering freely at all times for the purpose of exploring, producing, digging, mining and carrying away the same, and the right to divide or subdivide into parts or parcels at pleasure, and to transfer and assign the same or any part thereof at will, provided that sufficient compensation is made by the owner of the minerals for any of the said land which may be occupied for the production, removal or storage of minerals, or use, and likewise for any injury done to improvements thereon. Being part of a larger tract of land which Justin J. Pie and wife and Charles Mignot, Adm'r of the Estate of Peter Garnier, dec'd, by deeds bearing date August 15th, A. D. 1883, and May 18th, A. D. 188[illegible], respectively, and recorded in the office for recording of deeds in and for McKean county in Deed Book —, page —, granted and conveyed unto the said Geo. Rubin, Jean B. [illegible], Luther M. Otto et al in fee, which by reference thereunto being had will more fully and at large appear. Partly improved.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of C. C. Stophel at the suit of [illegible] Stophel.

A. P. Huey, plaintiff's attorney.

15.

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece, parcel and lot of land situate, lying and being in the city of Bradford, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post in the north line of Summer street, distant forty-nine feet and five inches east of east side of Pearl street; thence north one hundred (100) feet to a post; thence east forty-nine and one-half (49½) feet to a post; thence south one hundred (100) feet to a post; thence west along the north side of Summer street forty-nine and one-half (49½) feet to the place of beginning. Containing forty-nine hundred and fifty (4950) square feet and being same land conveyed to said Georgiana Fowler by A. W. Newell and wife by deed dated April 28, 1879, recorded in McKean county in Deed Book Vol. one page [illegible], and having thereon erected a dwelling house and appurtenances.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Frank Fowler, committee of Georgiana Fowler, at the suit of F. E. Hertzel, Treasurer of the State Hospital for the Insane at Warren, Pennsylvania.

R. B. Stone, plaintiff's attorney.

16.

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece or tract of land lying and being in Norwich township, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, described as follows: Beginning at a post in the northeast corner of land [illegible] by Forrest Garrett and Sam Jones, being the piece which this is a part; Thence south fifty-two rods to a post; thence south forty-two degrees west twelve rods; thence south sixty-eight degrees west sixteen rods; thence south eighty-eight degrees west sixteen rods; thence south fifty degrees west twenty-one rods; thence south seventy degrees west twenty eight rods; thence west sixteen rods to a post; thence north ninety and fifty-five-one hundredths (90 55-100) rods to a post corner; thence east ninety-seven and one-fourth rods to the place of beginning. Containing forty-six (46) acres and [illegible] perches, strict measure, and being the same land conveyed to Edward L. Murrall by Newton Press and wife by deed dated May 1st, 18[illegible], and recorded in the Recorder's office in and for McKean county in Deed Book, Vol. 101, at page 9[illegible], etc. Partly improved (about three acres cleared) and having thereon one one story and a half frame dwelling house, one board barn and a small orchard.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Edward L. Murrall at the suit of H. C. Crawford.

Plaintiff.

17.

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the city of Bradford, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Commencing at a post on the west side of Center street at the northeast corner of Seneca street; thence along Seneca street in a westerly direction seventy-five (75) feet; thence in a northerly direction twenty-five (25) feet to a post; thence in an easterly direction and parallel with said Seneca street seventy-five (75) feet to Center street; thence in a southerly direction along Center street twenty-five (25) feet to the place of beginning, being lot No. 7 as surveyed and platted on map made by John A. Seymour and Co., and being the same land conveyed to Antonio Claretti by Benjamin Rosenthal by deed dated February 19th 189[illegible] and recorded in the Recorder's office in and for McKean county in Deed Book, Vol. 77, at page 4[illegible], etc. Improved and having thereon one two-story frame dwelling house.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Antonio Claretti at the suit of Mrs. M. H. Barber, use of Frank Sacco.

M. Sullivan, plaintiff's attorney.

18.

Defendant's interest in a lot of land in Keating township, McKean county and state of Pennsylvania, containing about forty-seven acres be the same more or less, part of Bingham lot No. 17 on Warrants 2[illegible], 2[illegible] and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post in the centre of the road at the southwest corner of land of Henry Wright; thence by the centre of the road south 53¼ degrees west 55 rods to a post and north 82¾ degrees west 25 rods to a post; thence north 121 rods more or less to a post; thence east 46? rods to a post the northwest corner of land of Henry Wright; thence south 15¾ degrees east on said Wright's west line 112.6 rods more or less to the place of beginning. (Excepting and reserving therefrom and thereout as follows: Beginning at a post the southwest corner of Henry Wright's land; thence along the centre of the road south 53¼ degrees west 12 rods to a post; thence north 18¾ degrees west to the centre of Marvin creek; thence down the centre, following its courses and distances to west line of Henry Wright; thence south 15¾ degrees east on said line to the place of beginning.) The above described land being subject to all the restrictions and reservations contained in Contract for the same made to Charles J. Hagberg by J. W. Bouton and John Forrest dated December 14th, 1893, said Contract being now on file in the Prothonotary's office in and for McKean county, at No. 2?7 October term, 189[illegible]. About ten acres improved and having thereon one two story board dwelling house and one small board barn.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Charles J. Hagberg at the suit of J. W. Bouton and John Forrest.

F. D. Gallup, plaintiff's attorney.

19.

Defendant's interest in all that certain piece, parcel or tract of land situate, lying and being in the township of Corydon, county of McKean and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning in the center of the road at a post standing in the south line of land conveyed to Thomas Barnett, lot No. 160; thence by the said road south thirty-six and one-half (36½ degrees) degrees west forty-three and six-tenths (43.6) perches to a post corner; thence south one hundred and three (103) perches to a beech corner standing in the north line of lot No. 161; thence west one hundred and forty-five and four-tenths (145.4) perches to a post corner of lot No. 1[illegible]; thence north one hundred and thirty-eight (138) perches to a post corner of land conveyed to Charles Bell, lot No. 16[illegible]; thence east one hundred and seventy-one and six-tenths (171.6) perches to the place of beginning. Containing one hundred and twenty-seven and nine-tenths (12[illegible]) acres be the same more or less, being a lot surveyed by William V. Keating et al, to Uriah Vandermark, deed bearing date of October 27th, 1871. Excepting and reserving about nine acres sold to Wallace Vandermark. Also—Twenty-five acres deeded to Mary Ann Baley. Also—Reserving all valuable timber during the natural lifetime of the parties of the first part. Being the same land conveyed to William H. White by Uriah U. Vandermark and wife by deed dated November 10th, 18[illegible], and recorded in the Recorder's office in and for McKean county in Deed Book Vol. 70 at page 9[illegible], etc., and by William H. White and wife conveyed to Charles B. Baley by deed dated October [illegible], 1891, and recorded in the Recorder's office in and for McKean county in Deed Book Vol. [illegible], page 116, etc. About forty acres improved and having thereon one one and one-half story frame dwelling house, one barn, usual outbuildings, one orchard and several springs of water.

Seized, taken in execution and will be sold as the property of Wm. H. White, defendant, Charles B. Baley and T. F. Baley, terre-tenants, at the suit of Hobaris Bros., use of Devoe Baley.

Bouton & Gallup, plaintiff's attorneys.

J. F. DAVIS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Smethport, Pa., Sept. 15, 1898.

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